

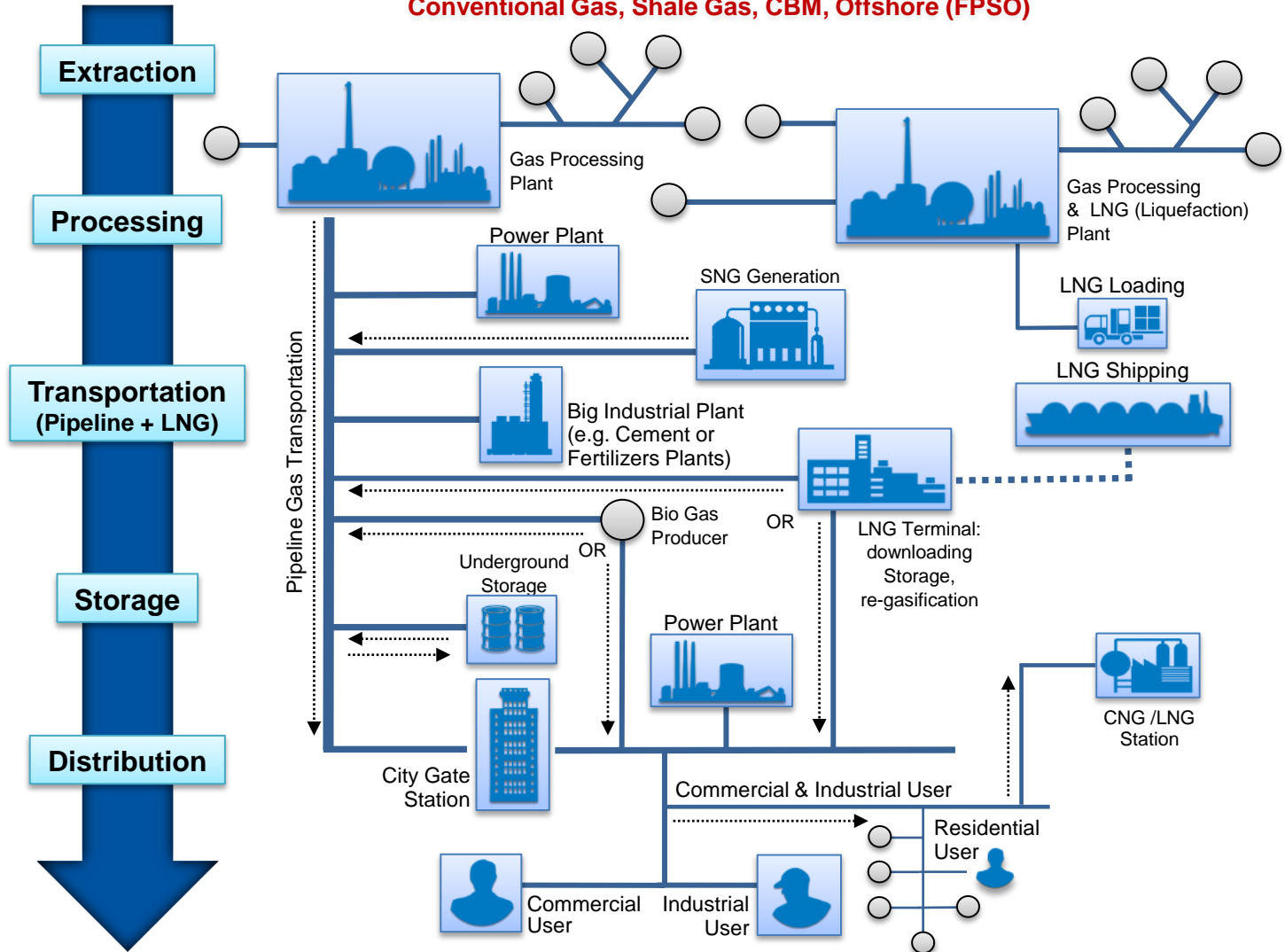
Gas Processing: A Global Perspective

Rebecca Liebert

Senior Vice President & General Manager
Gas Processing & Hydrogen
UOP, A Honeywell Company

1914 - 2014 | A Century of Innovation

Increasing Natural Gas Value Chain Complexity



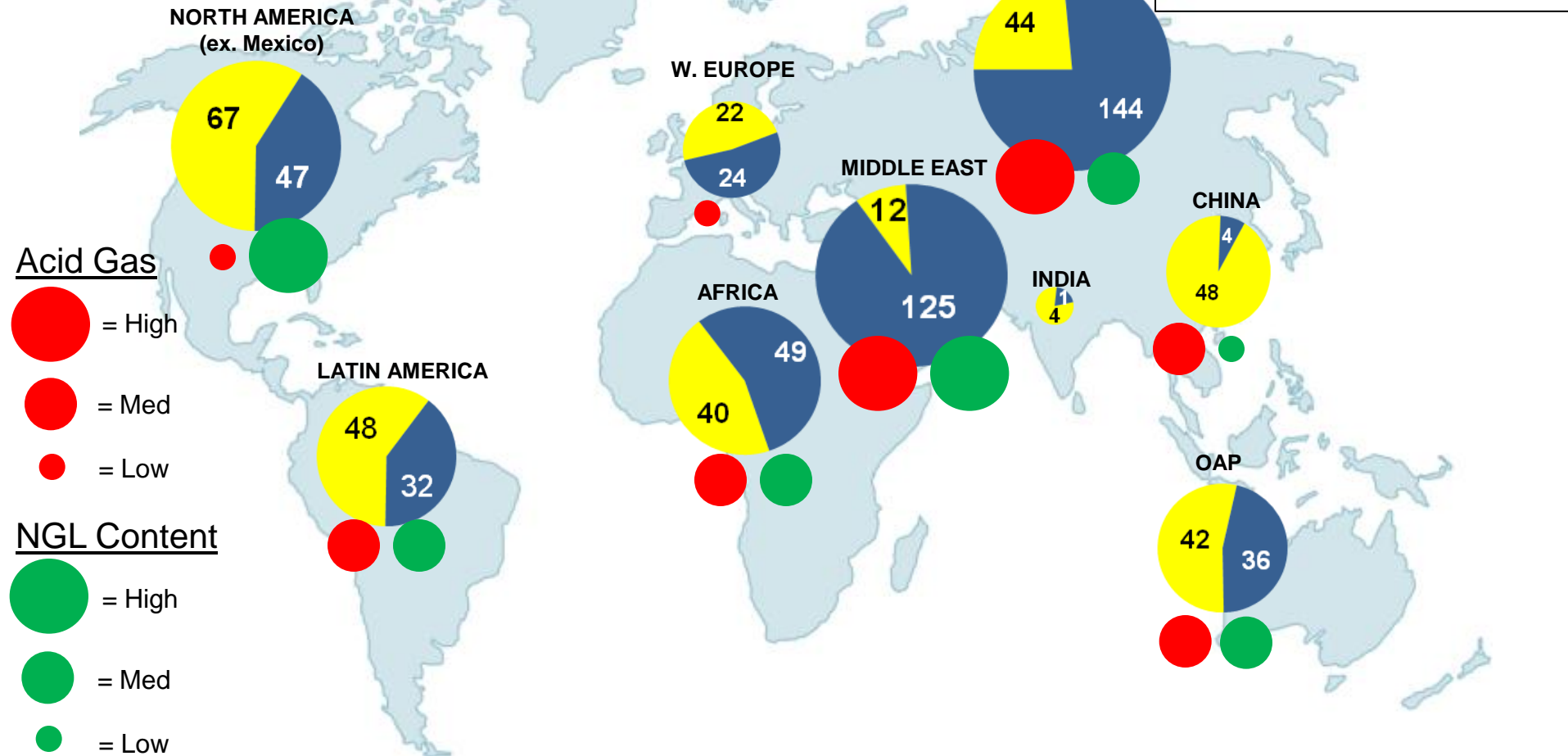
Capability to Manage all Major Gas Processing Needs

Distributed Global Gas Reserves

Remaining recoverable natural gas resources

tm cubic meters (tcm), 2011

Unconventional 328 Conventional 462
World total = 790

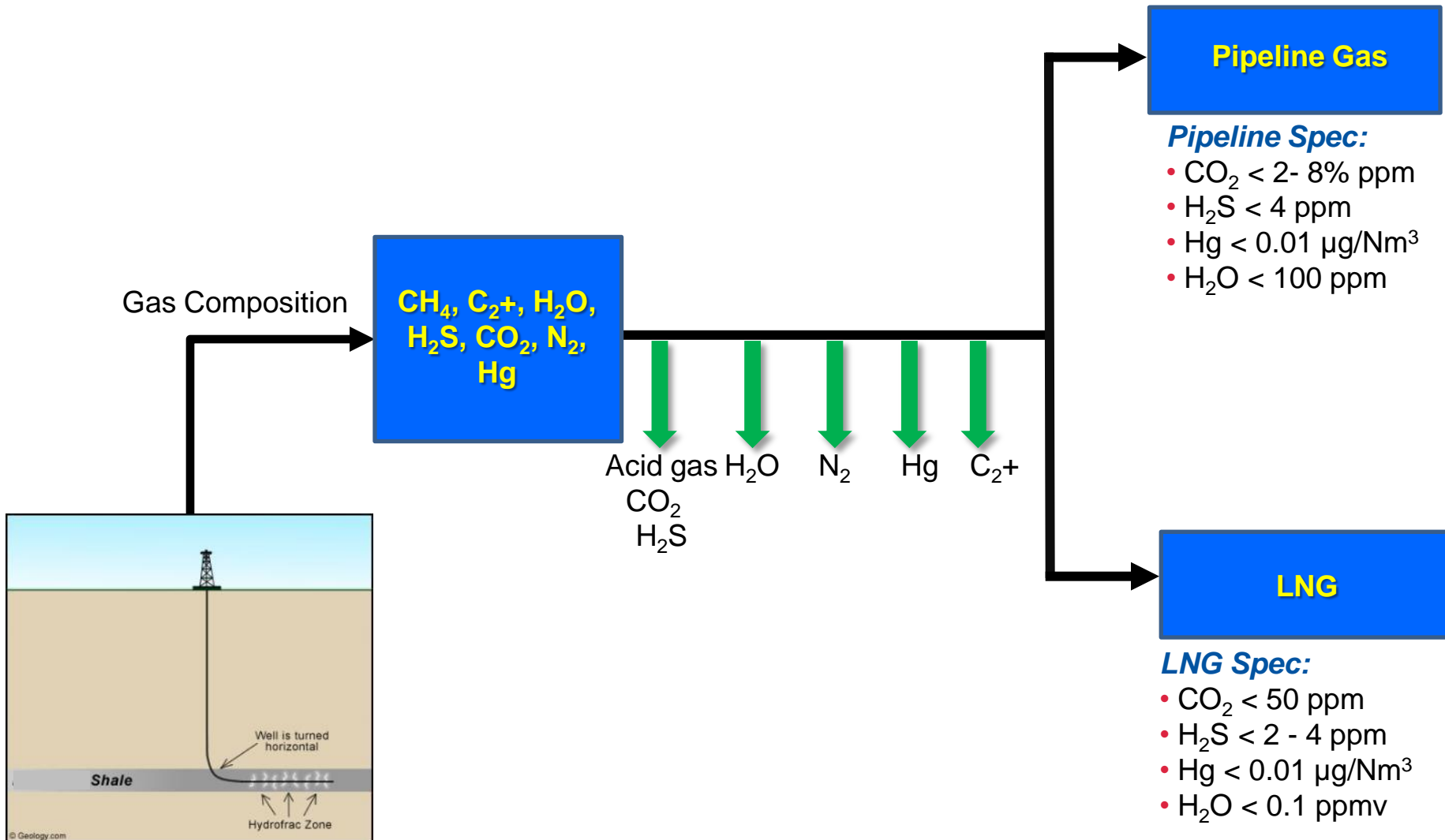


No circle within a region indicates minimal known Acid Gas or NGL Content

Sources: IEA, BP, PFC Energy, EIA


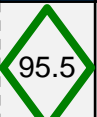




















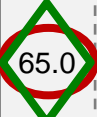



Gas Composition Varies, Continue to Develop Techno Economic Solutions

Gas Treating Requirements



Treating Technologies are Selected Based on Feed Composition and Product Specs

Lessons from U.S Shale Gas Variability

	Barnett Shale Gas Composition				Marcellus Shale Gas Composition				New Albany Shale Gas Composition				Antrim Shale Gas Composition					
Well	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4		
C ₁	80.3	81.2	91.8	93.7	79.4	82.1	83.8		87.7	88.0	91.0	92.8		57.3	77.5		• 95.5 – 27.5	
C ₂	8.1		4.4			14.0	12.0		1.7		1.0	1.0	3.5	4.9	4.0	4.3	• 16.1 – 0.8	
C ₃	2.3		0.4		4.0	3.5	3.0	1.0			0.6	0.6	1.0	1.9	0.9	0.4	• 5.2 – 0.0	
CO ₂	1.4		2.3			0.1	0.1		8.1		7.4	5.6	3.0		3.3	9.0	• 0.0 – 10.4	
N ₂		1.5	1.1		0.4	0.3	0.3								35.9	14.3		• 0.2 – 65.0
	• C ₂ : 11.8 – 2.6 • C ₃ : 5.2 – 0.0 • CO ₂ : 0.3 – 2.7 • N ₂ : 1.0 – 7.9				• C ₂ : 16.1 – 3.0 • CO ₂ : 0.1 – 0.9				• C ₃ : 2.5 – 0.8				• C ₁ : 85.6 – 27.5 • N ₂ : 0.7 – 65.0					

Component Variations Impact Interchangeability with Other Gas Supplies

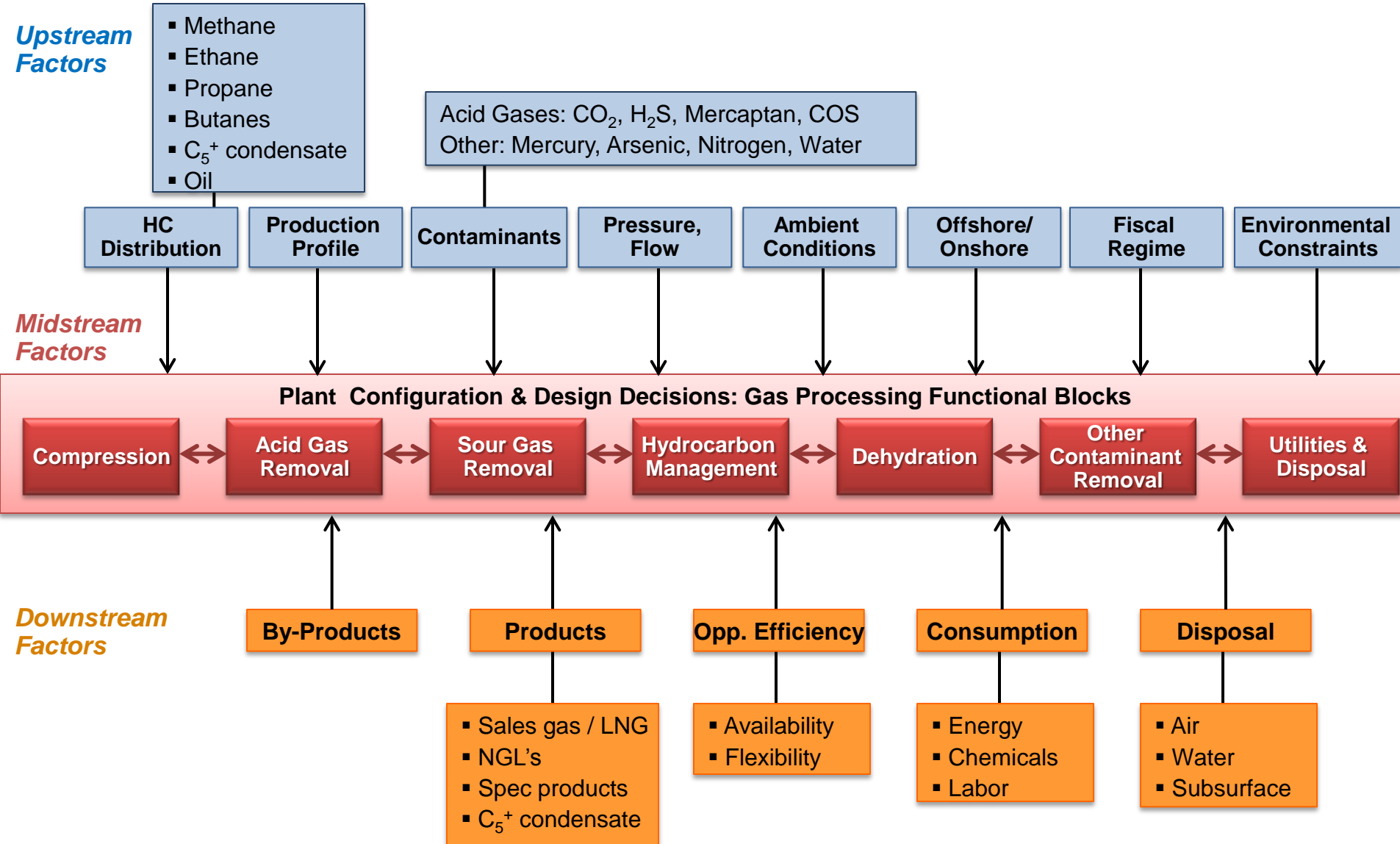
Typical FLNG Feed Properties

	LNG Specifications	<i>Typical Feed Properties in key areas</i>		
		<i>South America</i>	<i>South East Asia</i>	<i>Australia</i>
H ₂ S, ppmv	< 2 - 4	5 - 1000	5 - 200	2 - 50
Total Sulfur, ppmv	< 10 - 50	5 - 1000	5 - 250	2 - 60
CO ₂ , %	< 50 ppmv	2 - 55	9 - 50	2 - 30
Hg, µg/Nm ³	< 0.01	0 - 100	200 - 2000	50 - 200
H ₂ O, ppmv	< 0.1	Saturated	Saturated	Saturated

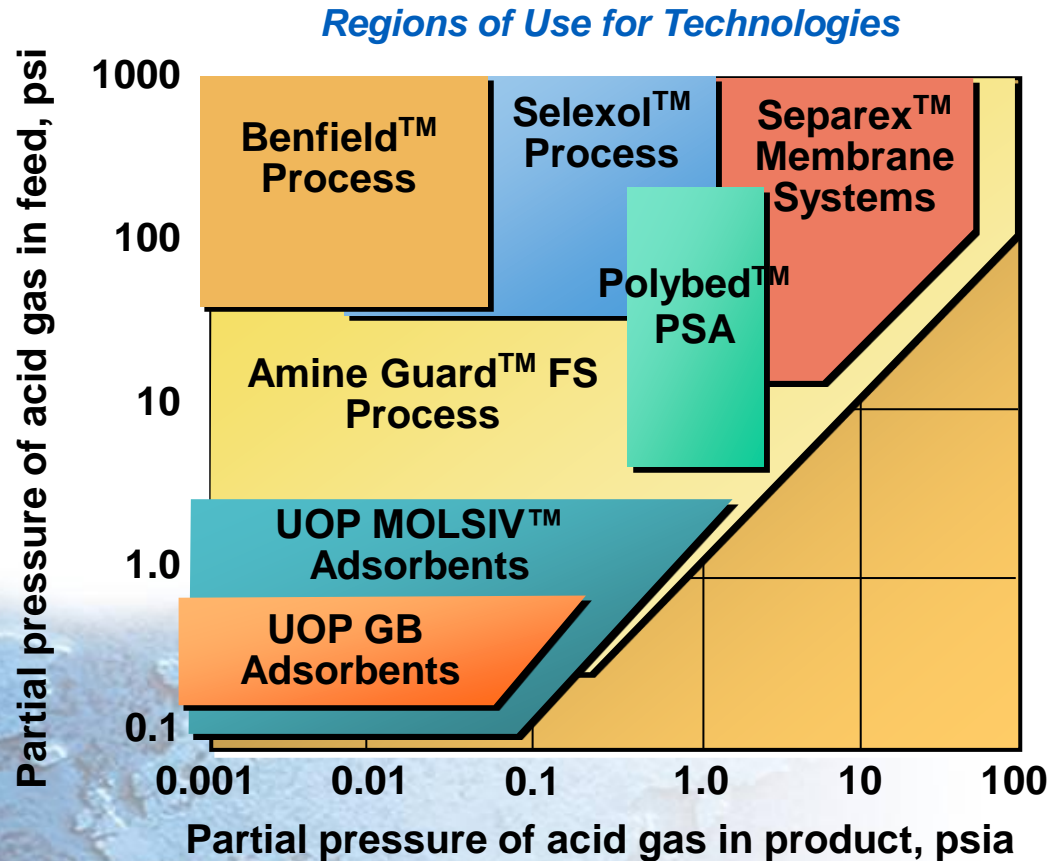
***Tight Requirements Often Necessitate
Sophisticated Pretreatment Solutions***



Gas Plant Development: Decision Criteria



Acid Gas Removal...



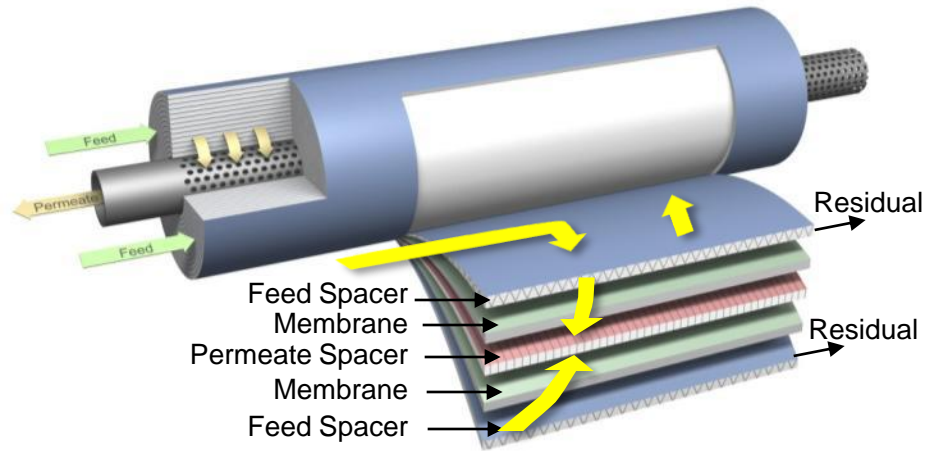
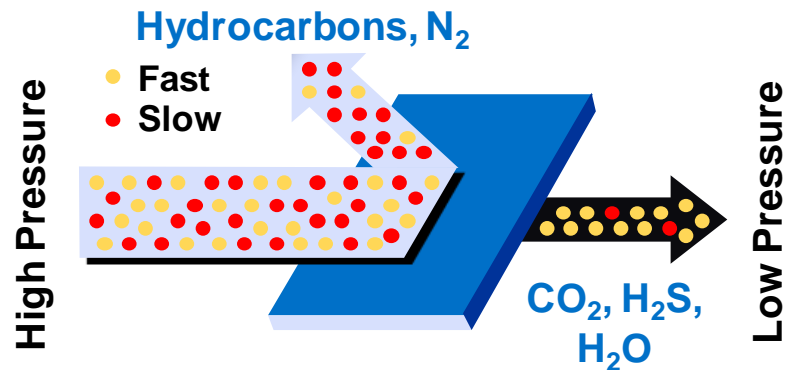
Requires a Diverse Portfolio of Treating Technologies

Membrane Systems

Membranes are:

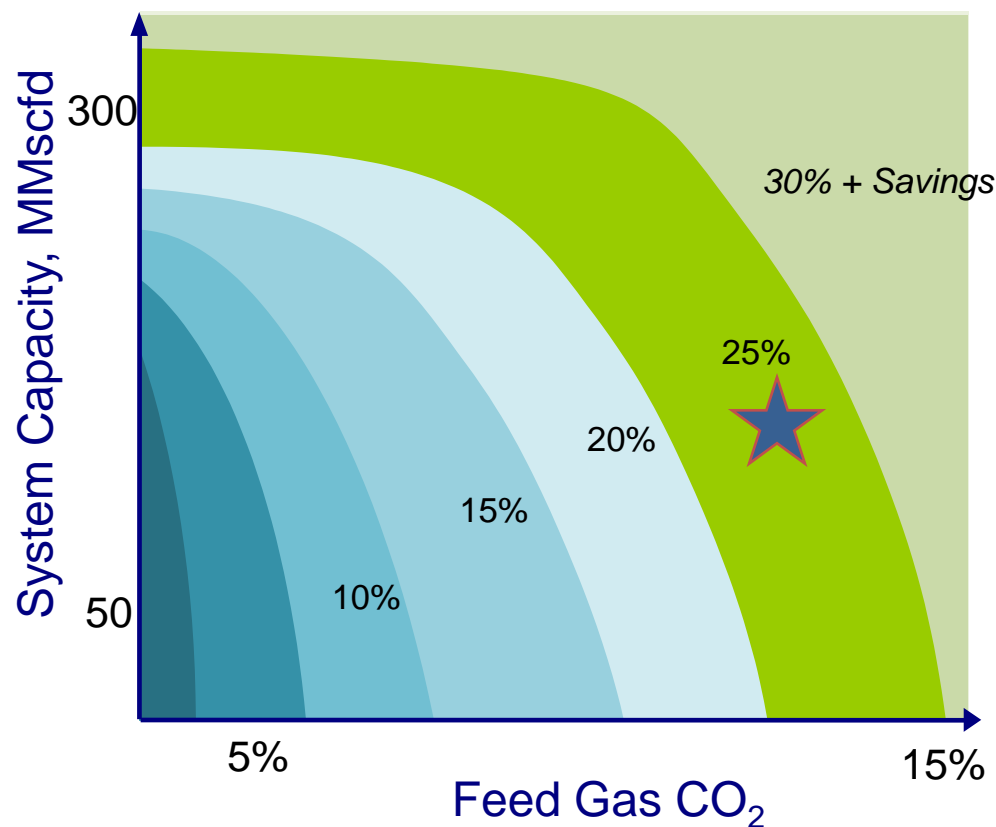
- Membranes are thin, semi-permeable barriers that selectively separate certain components
- Characterized by permeability or capacity (flux) and selectivity

Membrane Process



Membrane Advancement Dives Higher Capacity and Higher Selectivity

Membrane vs Amine: Shale Gas Comparative Study



Case Example

- Total Installed Savings = \$12MM
- OPEX Savings = 1.5 MM / yr
- NPV advantage ~\$28 MM

NPV Separex over NPV Amine
NPV = Total install lost + 10x OPEX

• Factors

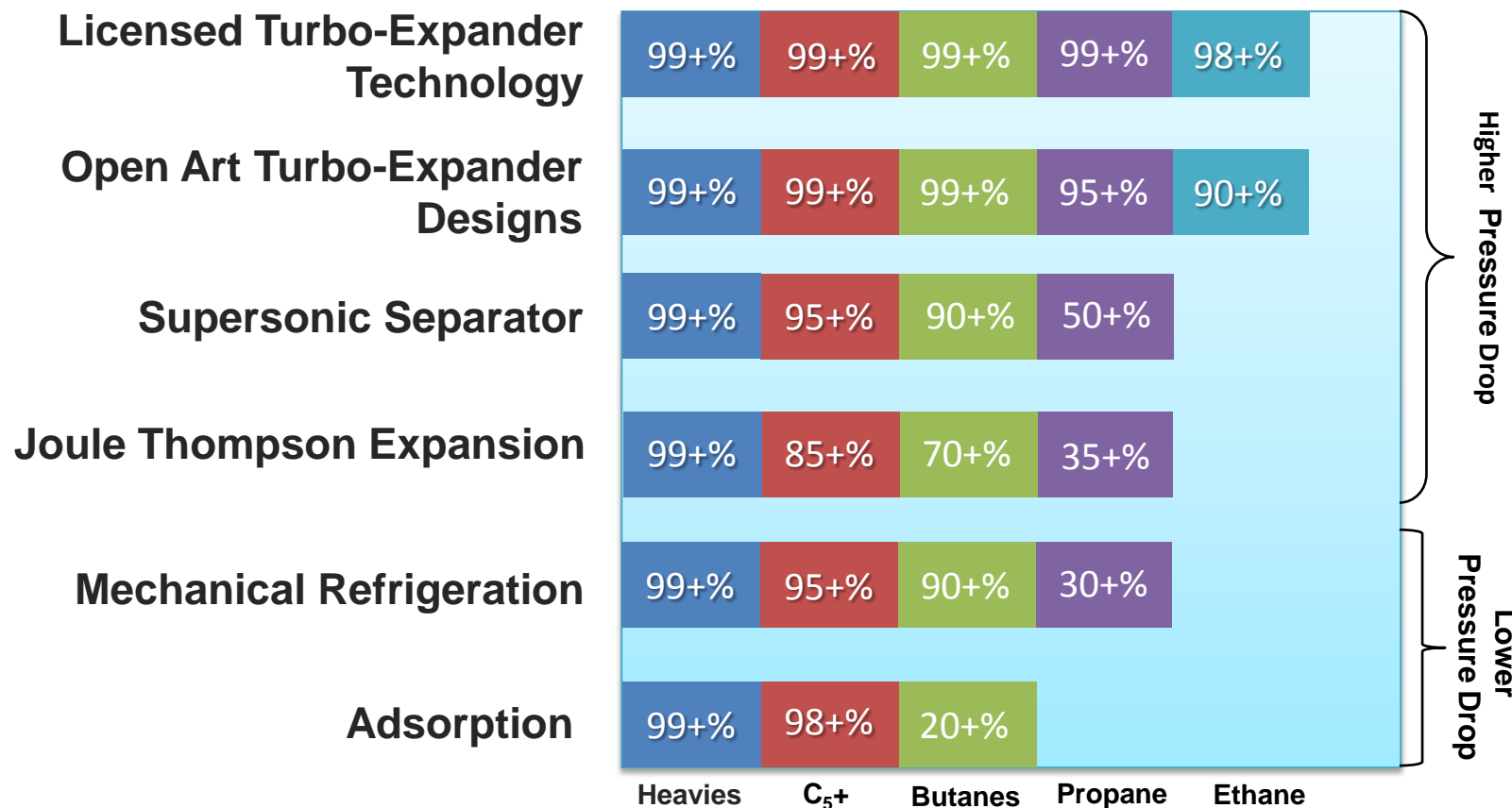
- Remote Location
- Site Erection Logistics
- Clean water availability
- Solvent Transportation & Disposal
- Environmental Impact
- Acid Gas Destruction
- Hydrocarbon Values

Significant Value for Membrane Over Amines; Project Dependent

Hydrocarbon Management Solutions

C₂+ Gas Processing

% Typical Recovery**



**Actual recovery dependent on feed gas composition, pressures, flow rates

A Broad Portfolio to Fit your HC Recovery or Removal Requirement

- 1) Select the proper technology within each separate gas processing block**
- 2) Account for interactions across the different processing blocks**
- 3) Adjust sequence of processing blocks for overall system optimization**

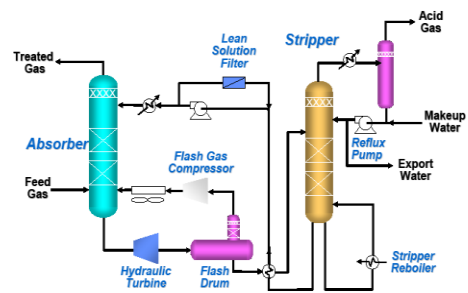
Integrated Solutions Offer Operating & Investment Flexibility

Integrated Gas Pretreating Complex

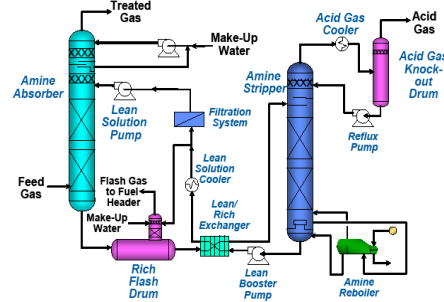
RasGas LNG Expansion Phase 1 / RGX



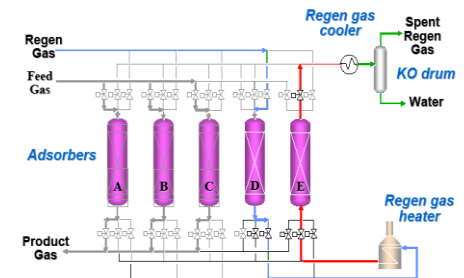
UOP SELEXOL™ Process



UOP Amine Guard™ FS Process



UOP Natural Gas MOLSIV™ Process





Modular Fabrication Solutions

UOP
A Honeywell Company

Key Technology Innovations

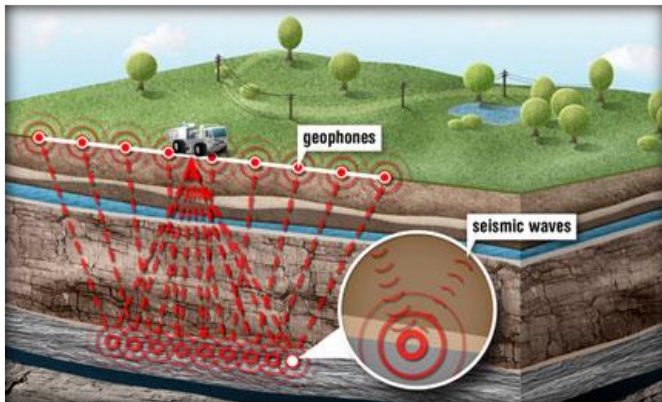
Hydraulic fracturing



Horizontal Drilling



Seismic Imaging



"Fast gas" NGL Recovery



What We Mean with Modular Design

Modular Solution

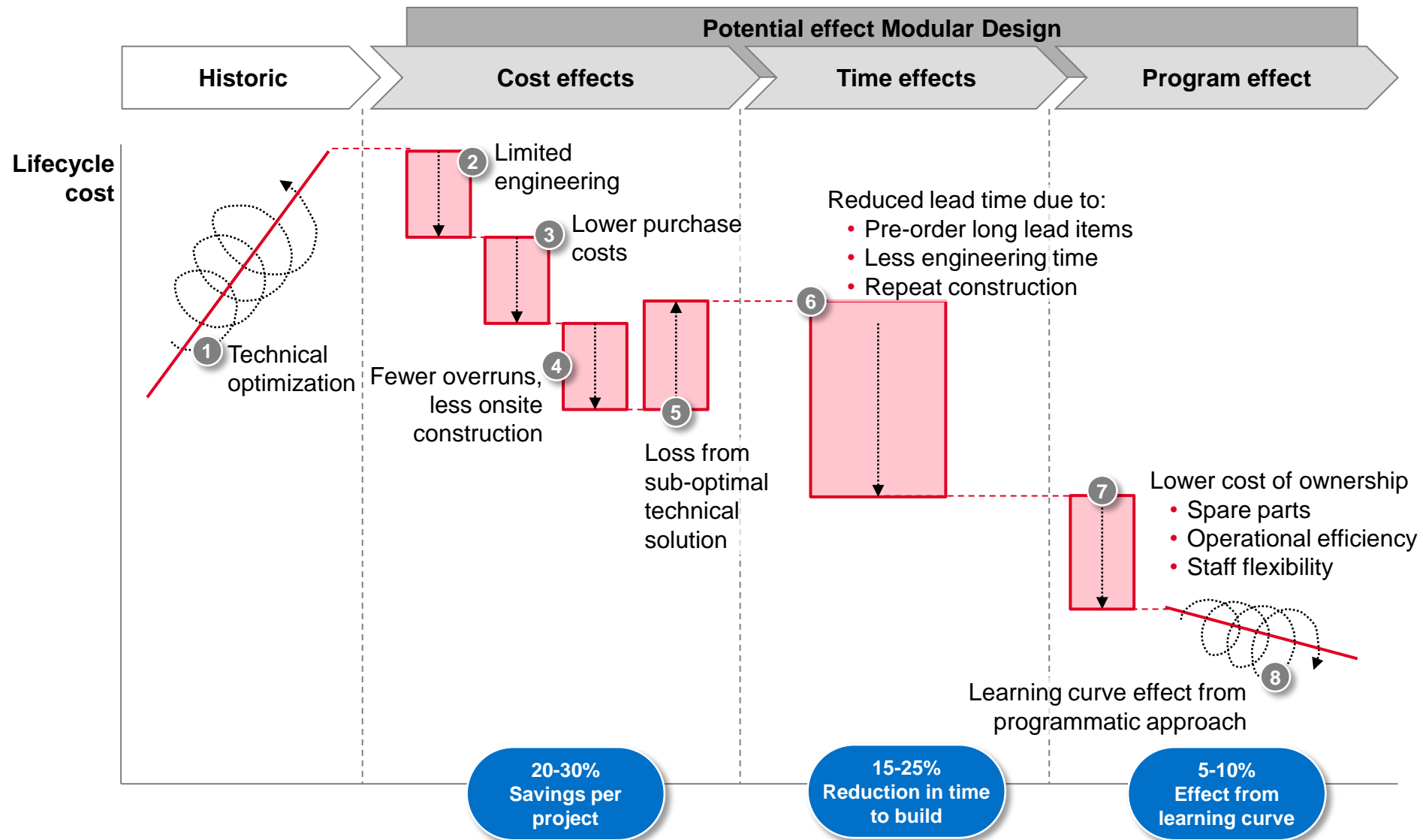
“The overall process of design, component and/or process leverage, enabled by a common pre-engineered design architecture where the modules are standard except where customization is required”

Key definitions within Modular Solution

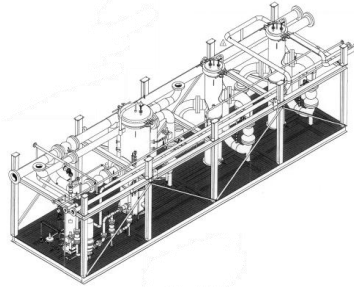
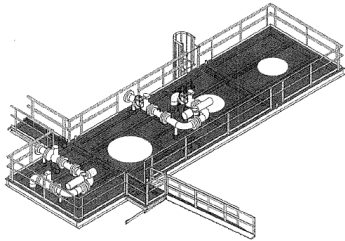
- **Pre-engineered:** Thoughtful initial design allowing for ultimate re-use
- **Modularization:** Discrete modules which can be aggregated into a single solution where only interfaces are prescribed, including inputs and outputs but not the block complete block design
- **Standardization:** General term used to cover the extent of module reuse
- **Industrialization:** Adoption of industry standards with no / minimal additional company specifications / requirements
- **Modular pre-fabrication:** Shop fabrication of modules

CONCEPTUAL

Modular Solutions Increase Overall Lifetime Value

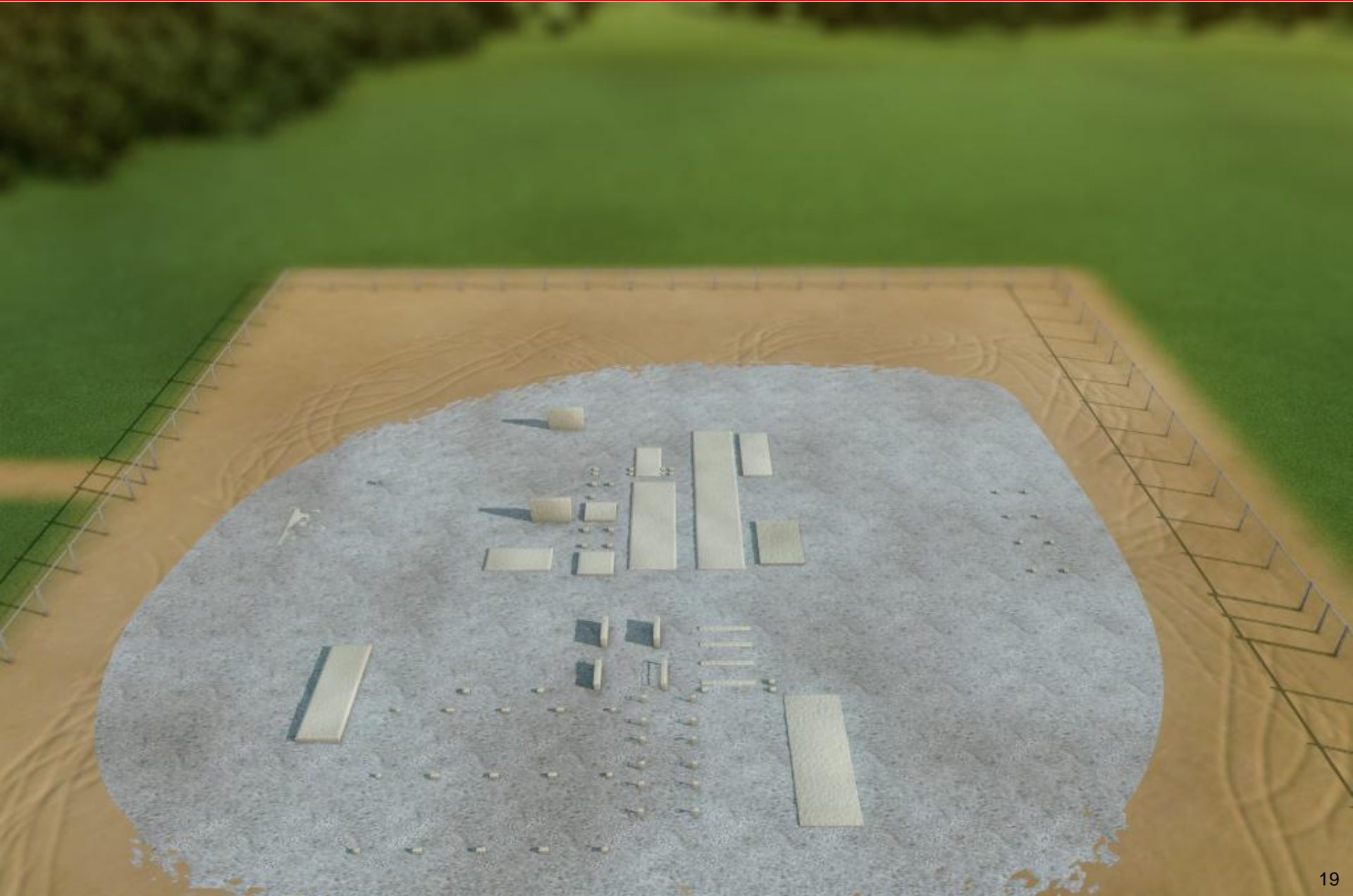


Cryogenic Plant Skids



Skids are Factory Built and Ready for Installation Saving up to 20-30% per Project

Field Design Support Package

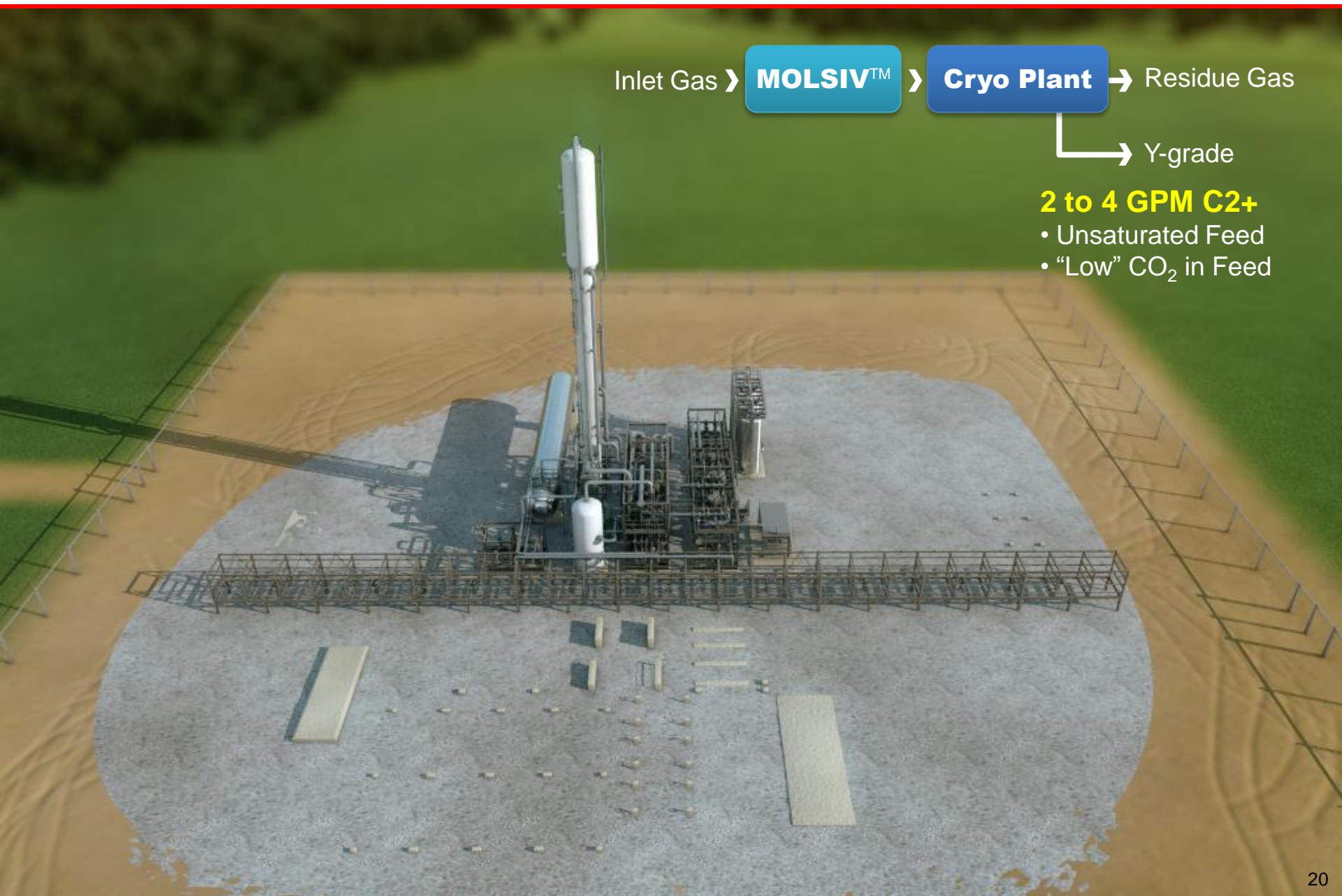


Standard Cryo Plant

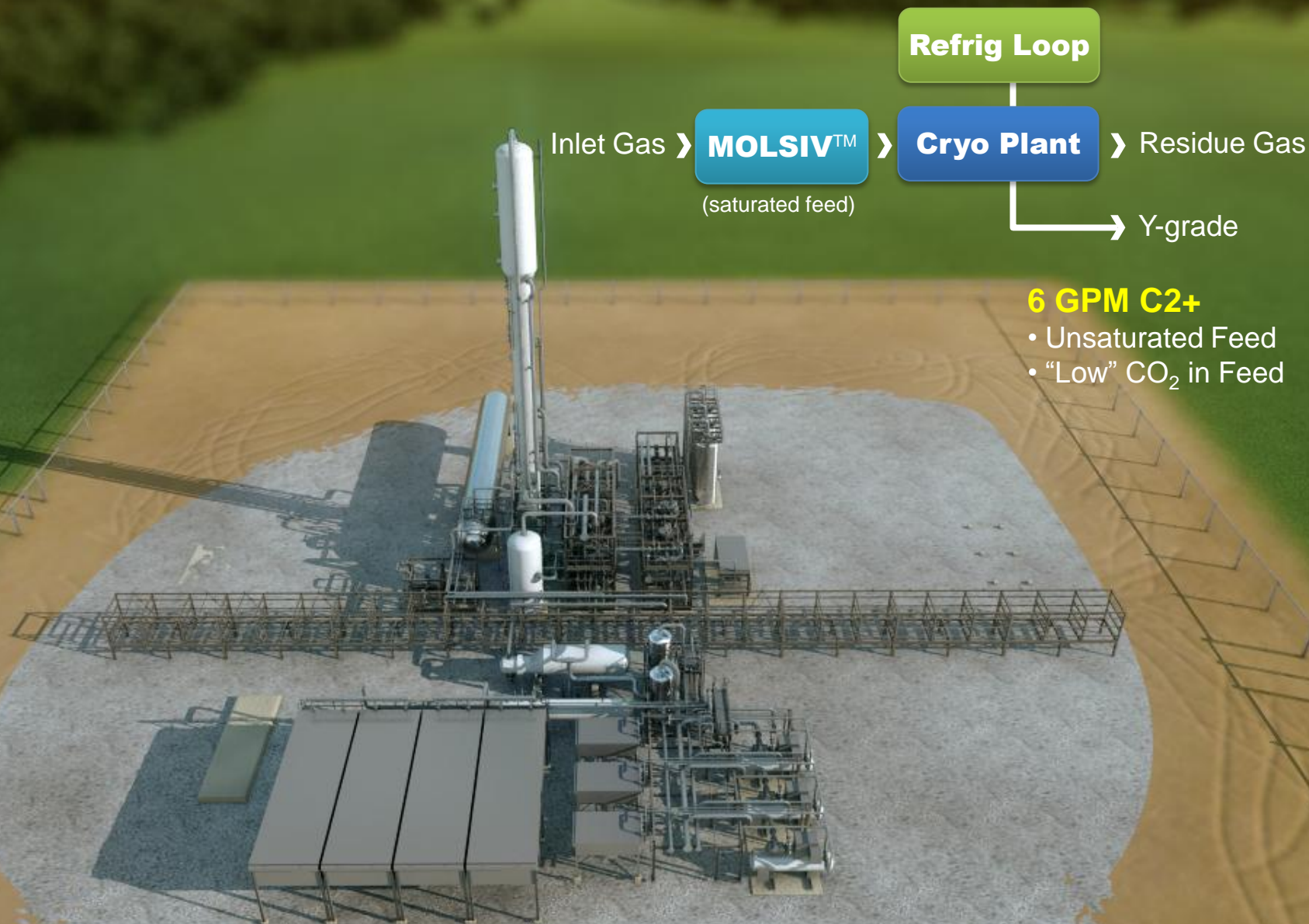
Inlet Gas > **MOLSIV™** > **Cryo Plant** → Residue Gas
→ Y-grade

2 to 4 GPM C2+

- Unsaturated Feed
- “Low” CO₂ in Feed



Standard Cryo + Mechanical Refrigeration (MR)



Standard Cryo + MR + Rich Gas Conditioner

Inlet Gas

RGC

MOLSIV™

(saturated feed)

Refrig Loop

Cryo Plant

Residue Gas

Stabilizer

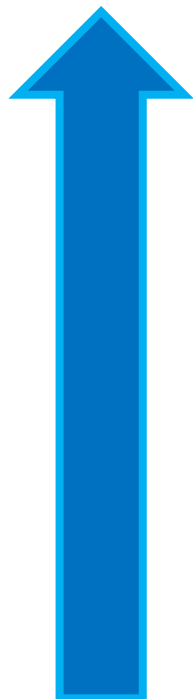
Y-grade

10 GPM C2+

- Unsaturated Feed
- “Low” CO₂ in Feed

Scope Definition Starts with....

**Full Gas Plant
Solution**



**Technology
Provider**

Utilities, site engineering, field fabrication and construction works

Facilities design, engineering and fabrication. Ancillary equipment balance of fabrication

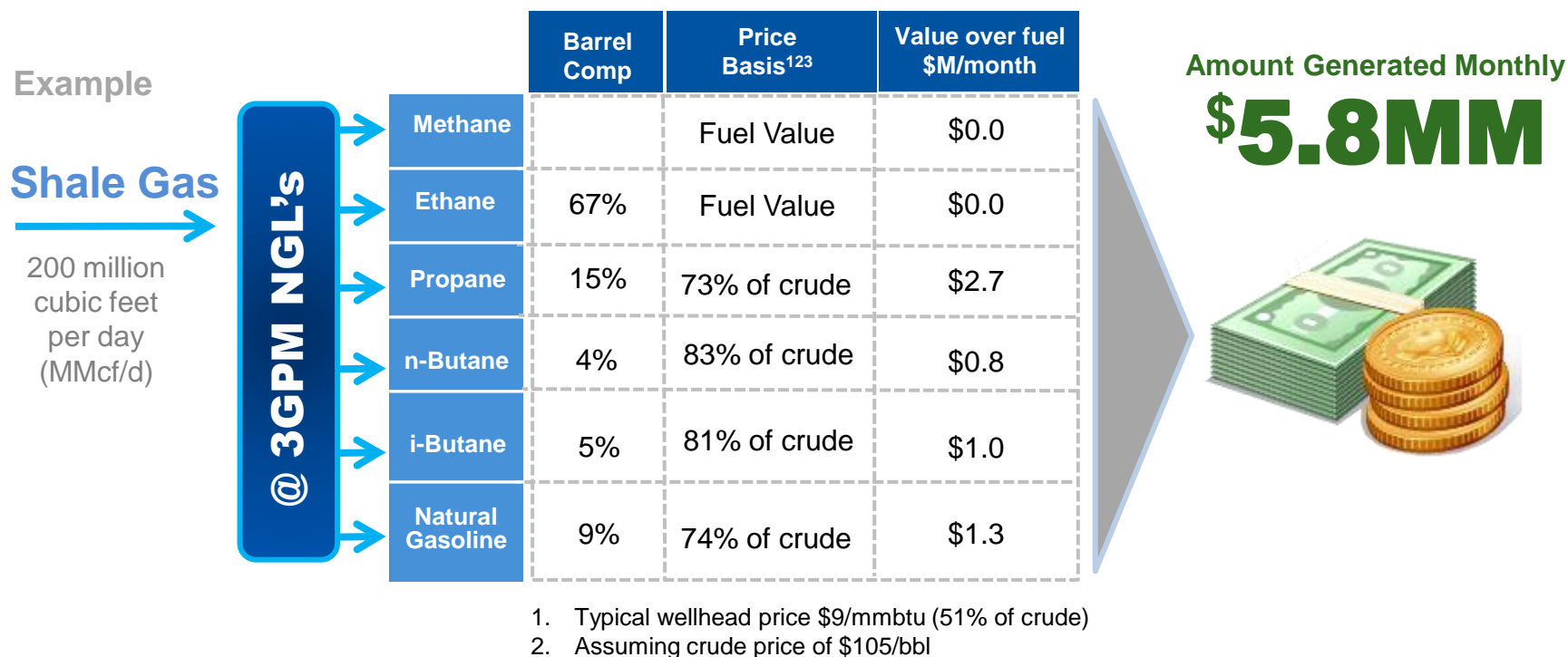
Ancillary equipment design and engineering and some fabrication

**Core
Modular
Process
Plants**

Core Modular Process Plants

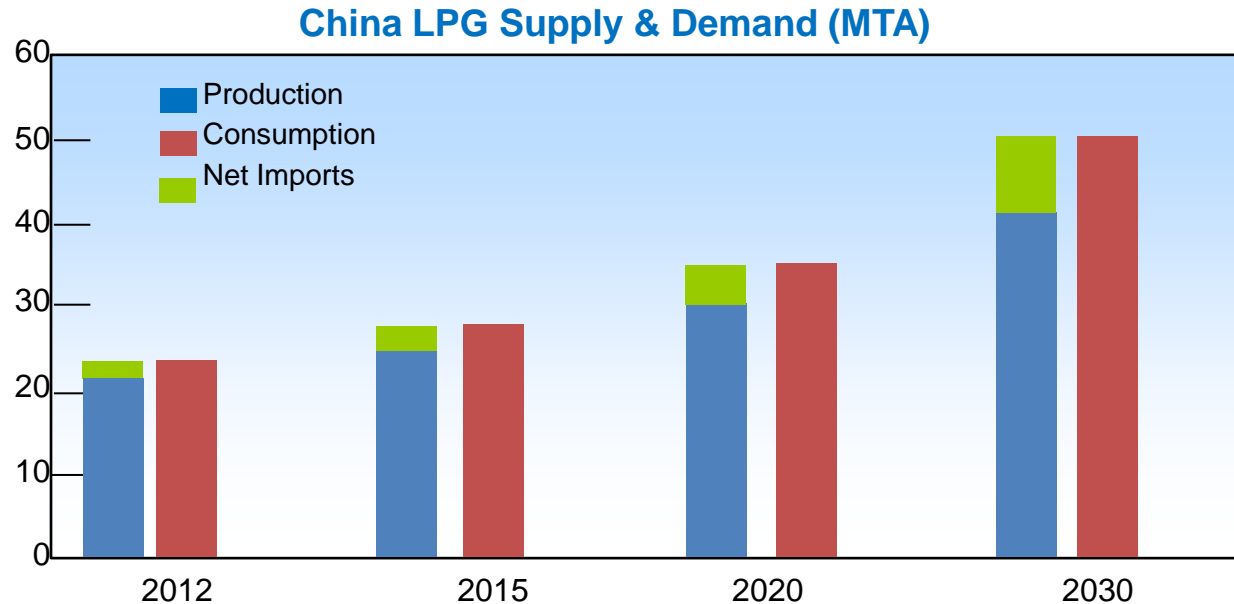
Rapid NGL Recovery Improves Return on Investment

- Typical example of revenue associated with NGL recovery
- 200 MMSCFD of 3 GPM gas (~1,100 BTU/SCF)
- Pre-engineered modular design can provide 20% schedule advantage vs. custom field erected



Modular Plants – Faster Delivery, Enhanced Value

China LPG Opportunity



Comments

- **LPG Production (+3.7% CAGR) & consumption (+4.3% CAGR) growth**
- **Growing net import deficit**
 - Deficit increases on average 0.5 MTA per year
 - Deficit growing at 7% CAGR
 - Grows from 4 MTA in 2015 to 12 MTA in 2030
- **Displacement of imports enabled by increased economic LPG recovery via gas processing plants**

Increased Gas Processing Capacity for Enhanced LPG Supply

A Complex Natural Gas Value Chain



Varying Natural Gas Reserve Compositions and Geographies



Diverse Gas Treating needs that Require Fit for Purpose Technology and Delivery Models

UOP Company Profile

Serving the Gas Processing, Refining & Petrochemical Industries

Profile — Significant Technology Position

Business Units:

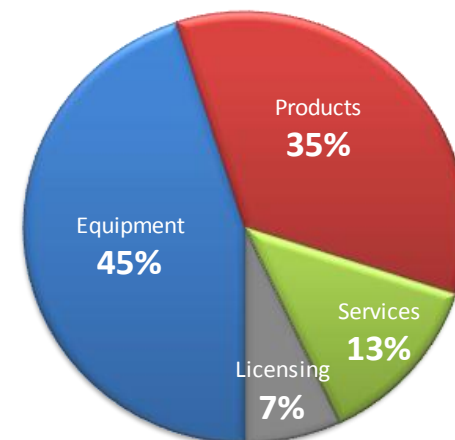
- Gas Processing and Hydrogen (GP&H)
- Process Technology & Equipment (PT&E)
- Catalysts, Adsorbents & Specialties (CA&S)
- Renewable Energy and Chemicals (RE&C)

Offering:

- Technology, catalyst & services to the refining, petrochemical and gas processing industries
- Supplier of molecular sieve adsorbents to process and manufacturing industries

Sales: Breakdown

- Equipment
- Products
- Services
- Licensing



UOP Facilities — Global Footprint

Worldwide Headquarters

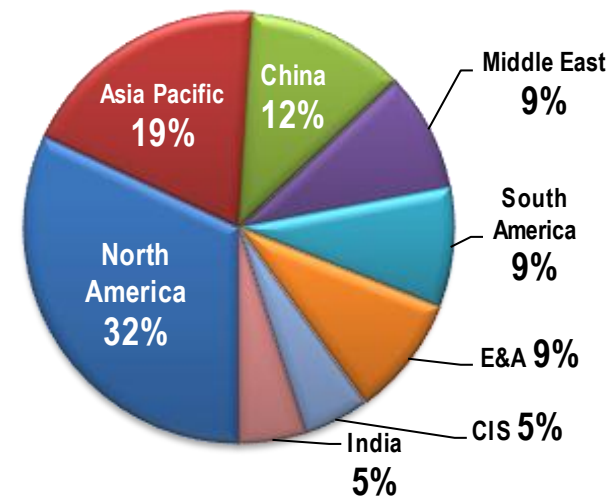
Des Plaines, Illinois (suburban Chicago)
3,500+ Employees



- 20 Offices
- 17 Countries
- 12 Manufacturing Facilities
- 5 Engineering Centers

Sales: Geographic

Global Customers



Q&A

Question and Answer