# Semplastics Carbon **Conversion & Utilization Opportunity Overview**

SE Regional Carbon Conversion/Utilization **Procurement Grants Workshop** August 2022







## Agenda

- Carbon Utilization Framework
- Carbon Derived Building Material Development
- Lithium-Ion Battery Applications
- CO2 Based Building Materials

## Kynos Carbon Framework

Repurposing both undervalued and waste carbon feedstocks to create valuable, customized, sustainable products.

# SUSTAINABILITY







Economically Sustainable Environmentally Sustainable

## Kynos Carbon Framework



# Carbon-Derived Building Materials Experience

# X-MAT Building Material Benefits

#### **Material Benefits**







More Insulating



**Encapsulates Impurities** 

#### **Economic Benefits**



Job Creation



Carbon Utilization



Improved Labor Productivity



Reduced Transportation Cost

## $X-PANEL^{TM}$



16" x 32" Carbon-Derived Ceramic X-PANEL<sup>™</sup> Rail Clips Fastened by concealed undercut anchors





Dark Features are the Light-weight Coal-Based Ceramic Aggregate (X-MATRIX<sup>™</sup>)



16" x 32" Polished X-MATRIX<sup>™</sup> X-PANEL<sup>™</sup> Rail Clips Fastened by concealed undercut anchors

## X-TILES®

<u>Coal-Derived Ceramic "Villa" Tiles Testing Results</u>

- PASSED ANSI FM 4473 <u>Class 4</u> Hail Impact Resistance Standards
- FAR EXCEEDED Grade 1 Performance for Water Absorption and Saturation Coefficient according to ASTM C67 Standards
- FAR EXCEEDED Type I Wet/Dry Flexural Strength Testing according to ASTM C67/C1167 Standards



Side by Side with a Ludowici Clay Roof Tile



100 Square Feet of Coal-Derived Ceramic "Villa Tiles"



Examples of various colors and coating for the ceramic tiles

## X-MATRIX<sup>TM</sup> Blocks



Standard Lightweight Block 14.36kg (31.66lbs)

X-MATRIX Lightweight Block 9.5kg (20.94lbs)

Standard Lightweight Block (Top)Standard Lightweight Block (Top)X-MATRIX Lightweight BlockX-MATRIX Lightweight Block(Bottom)(Bottom)

Over 33% Reduction in Weight

# Fly Ash Products



#### 50% Fly Ash / 50% Polypropylene Pellets



50% Uncoated Fly Ash in Polypropylene



50% B178 Coated Fly Ash in Polypropylene



Fly Ash Ceramic Composite Structural Columns. The Larger Columns are about 9in X 18in

## Fly Ash Composite Leach Testing Results



\*All Materials are well below the allowable limits set by the EPA

# Prototype Wall Section

 Prototype wall section that utilizes the various carbon-derived building materials that have been developed.





# Lithium-Ion Battery Applications

#### **Carbon-Based Ceramic Anode Composites**



Proprietary Polymer Derived Ceramic (PDC) Resin Coal or Coal Waste powder or virtually any carbon source irrespective of purity\* Proprietary synthesis and pyrolysis--less than 1000 C for a short duration

Carbon- based ceramic composite anode material

\*We have shown this process to work with various sources of coal/coal waste and graphite from recycled batteries. We can tune the PDC Resin to the specific application

## Performance of Carbon Composite Anodes



Long-Term Cycling Performance – Coal Anode This cell has completed it's second profile of 1000 cycles (for a total of 2000 cycles) with minimal decay after the initial drop. It is expected that the decay is at a system level and not due to degradation of the anode.





Cycling Performance of Pouch Cell containing a Recycled Graphite Composite Anode vs. a Graphite Control

# CO2 Based Building Materials

## High Level DioQuest<sup>TM</sup> Process

We bubble CO2 gas through waste water



to create mixed cust carbonates that are dried resi and mixed with our

customized & proprietary resin system



DioQuest

then cured at low temperatures to produce high performance materials.



#### DioQuest<sup>™</sup> Benefits



Our process can utilize CO2 gas from many sources whether that's direct air capture, point source emissions, etc. Our prototypes were made using CO2 gas from the tailpipe of a pickup truck. This CO2 is permanently captured.



Our proprietary resin is the backbone of our business and can be optimized at the atomic level for various enduse applications whether in building materials or as lowcost, high-performance fillers for paints or plastics.

Unlike other mineral carbonation efforts, our end product can use whatever mixed carbonates are produced through the process without any further separation or purification, saving time and resources.



This methodology promotes reuse and a circular economy. After the carbonates are removed from the water, additional critical minerals such as lithium can be mined, desalination becomes easier, and the water can be utilized in agricultural applications.

# Thank you!

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