

# Rare Earth Elements and Critical Minerals from Coal-Based Resources



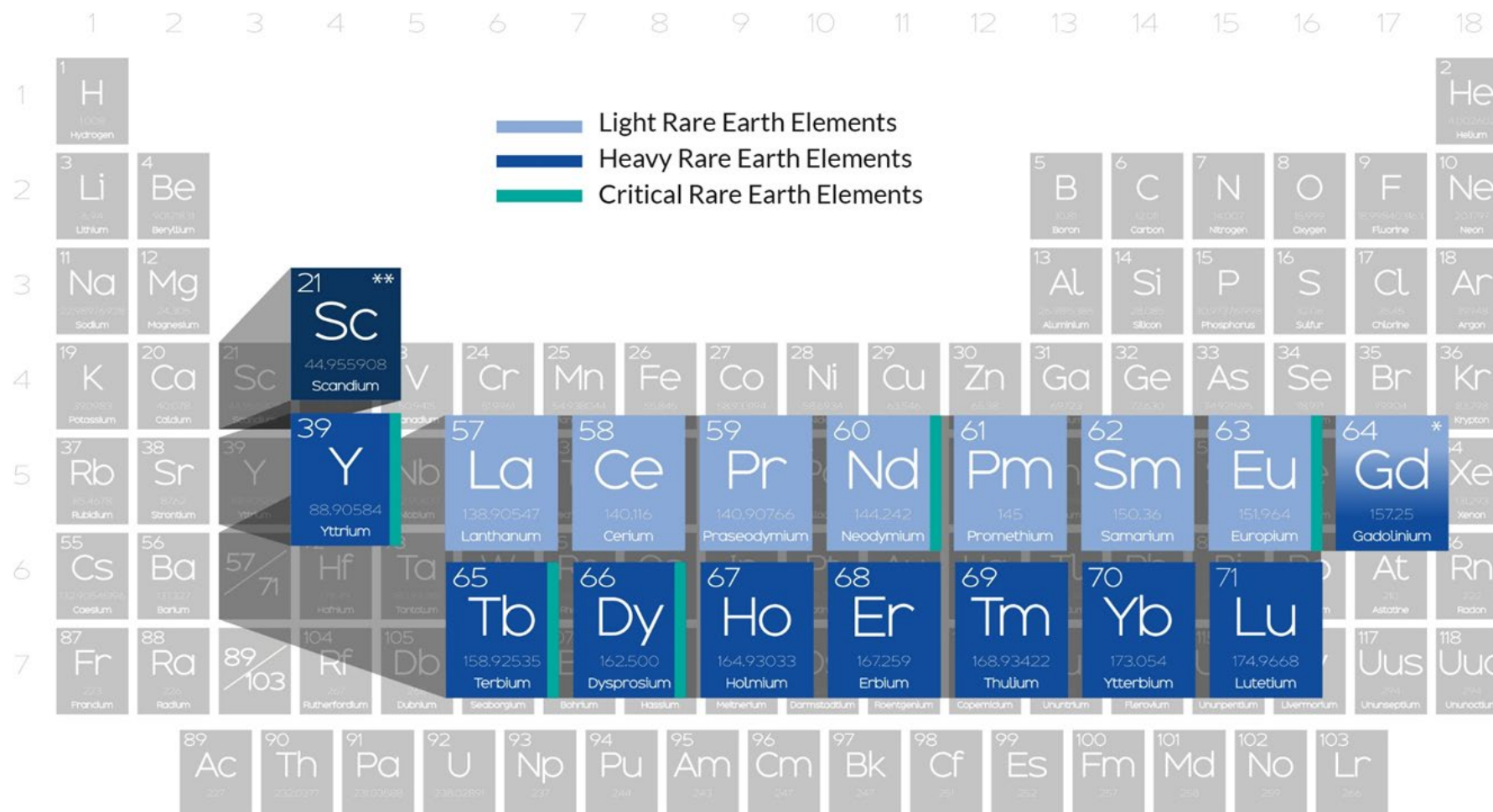
**Mary Anne Alvin**  
**NETL REE-CM Technology Manager**

## **Access to Capital Forum and Workshop**

*Potential Market Opportunities in Coal-  
Based Products*

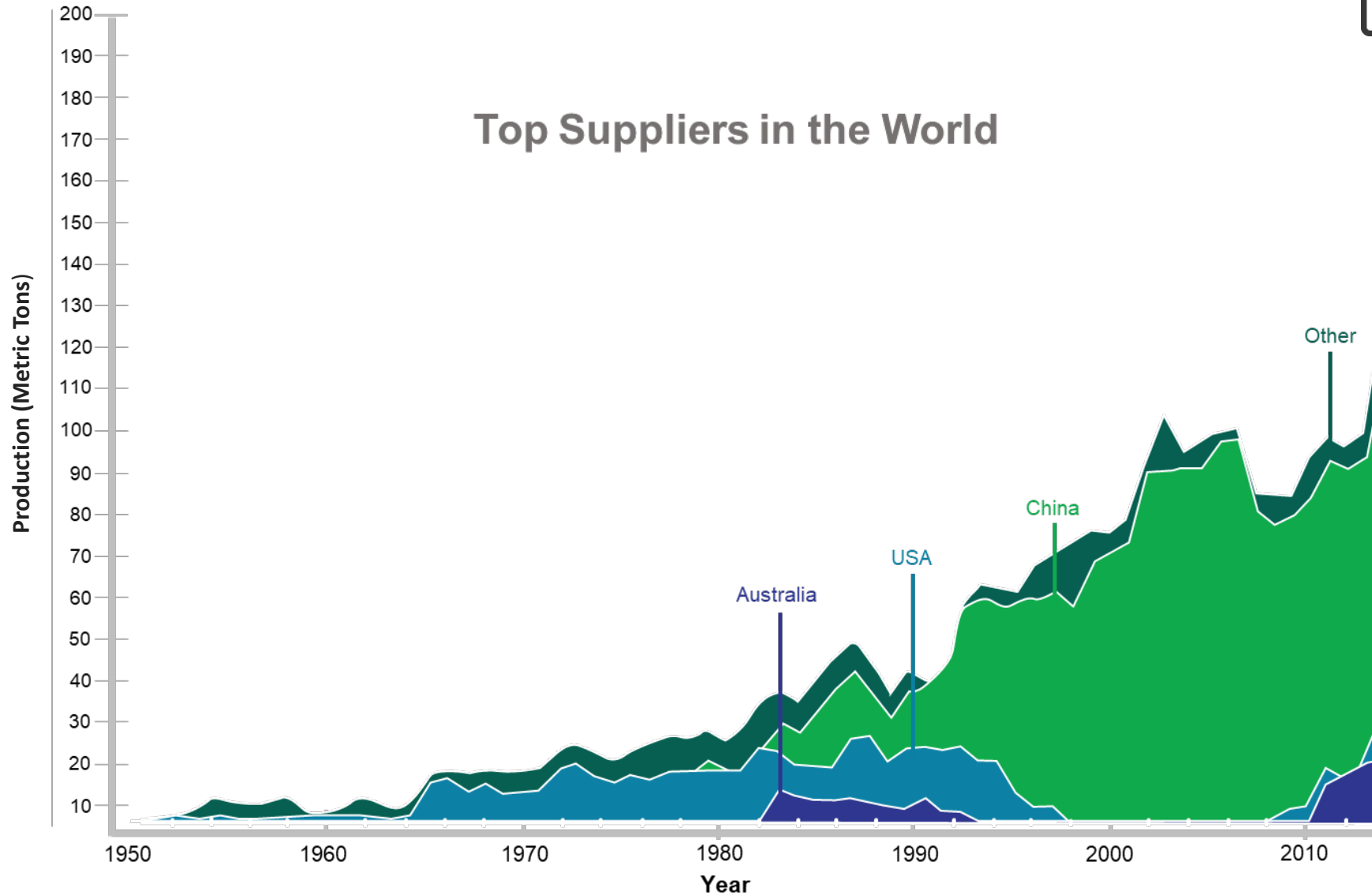
*Oglebay Resort & Conference Center  
Wheeling, WV  
March 11, 2020*

# Rare Earth Elements (REEs)

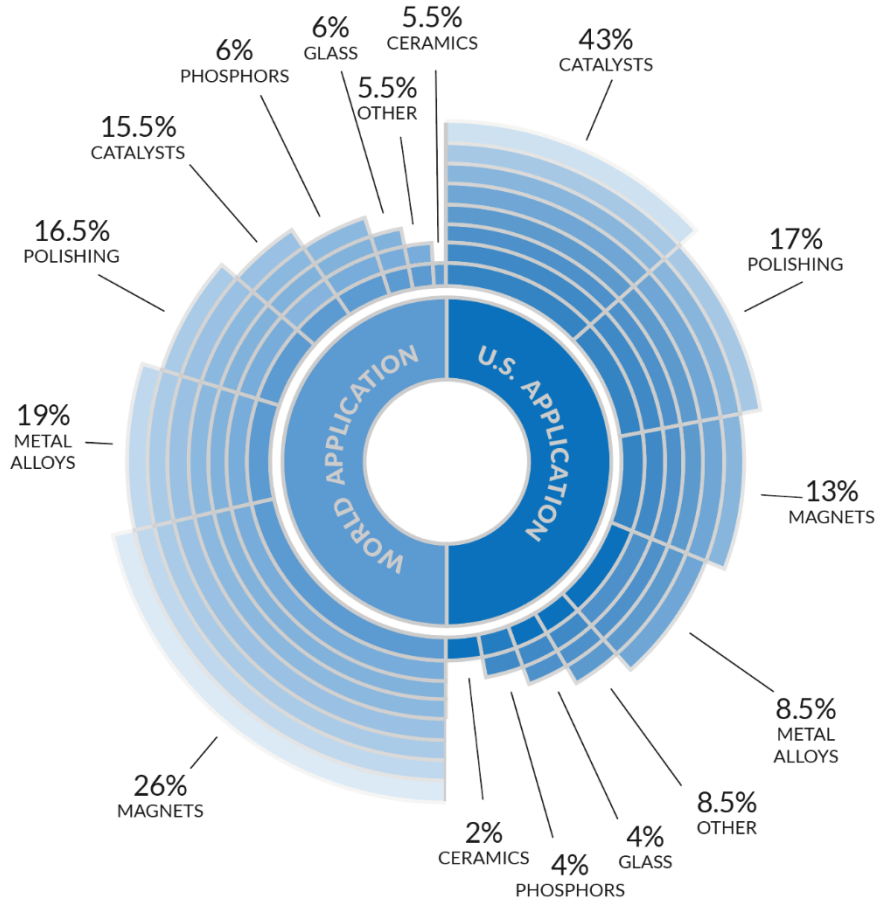


\* Gd: IUPAC Light REE; USGS Heavy REE  
 \*\* Included with rare earth elements

# REE Suppliers

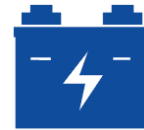


# REE Applications – Dual Use Materials



## MAGNETICS

Computer Hard Drives  
Disk Drive Motors  
Anti-Lock Brakes  
Automotive Parts  
Frictionless Bearings  
Magnetic Refrigeration  
Microwave Power Tubes  
Power Generation  
Microphones & Speakers  
Communication Systems  
MRI



## METAL ALLOYS

NiMH Batteries  
Fuel Cells  
Steel  
Super Alloys  
Aluminum/Magnesium



## DEFENSE

Satellite Communications  
Guidance Systems  
Aircraft Structures  
Fly-by-Wire  
Smart Missiles



## CATALYSTS

Petroleum Refining  
Catalytic Converter  
Fuel Additives  
Chemical Processing  
Air Pollution Controls



## CERAMICS

Capacitors  
Sensors  
Colorants  
Scintillators  
Refractories



## GLASS & POLISHING

Polishing Compounds  
Pigments & Coatings  
UV Resistant Glass  
Photo-Optical Glass  
X-Ray Imaging



## PHOSPHORS

Display phosphors-  
CRT,LPD,LCD  
Fluorescents  
Medical Imaging  
Lasers  
Fiber Optics



## Annual Global Rare Earth Market

- ~\$5B in 2015 (~149,000 tonnes/yr)

## U.S. Consumes

- 11% (\$550M) or ~16,000 tonnes/yr (~44 tonnes/day) in 2015

## Approximately 750M Tons of Coal Burned in U.S. Annually

- ~75M tons of coal ash generated
- Average concentration of ~470 ppm REE+Y, yields ~31,980 tonnes of REE+Y annually

## Lynas Advanced Materials Plant, Malaysia

- Capacity: 22,000 tonnes/yr REO (Nd/Pr, Ce, La..)
- Capital Cost: \$546M (2011)

## Magnet Industry – International Consumption (2015)

- 21,727 tonnes/yr  $\text{Nd}_2\text{O}_3$
- 5,542 tonnes/yr  $\text{Pr}_6\text{O}_{11}$

## Mission

**Development of an economically competitive and sustainable domestic supply of rare earth elements (REEs) and critical materials (CMs) to assist in maintaining our Nation's economic growth and National Security**

## Objectives

- Recovery of REEs from coal and coal by-product streams, such as coal refuse, clay/shale over/under-burden materials, aqueous effluents, power generation ash
- Advance existing and/or develop new, second-generation or transformational technologies to improve process systems economics, and reduce the environmental impact of a coal-based REE value chain

## Goals

- Validate the technical and economic feasibility of small domestic, pilot-scale, prototype facilities to generate, in an environmentally benign manner, high purity 90-99 wt% (900,000-990,000 ppm), salable, rare earth element oxides (REOs) from 300 ppm coal-based resources.

# REE-CM Program

## Program Budget

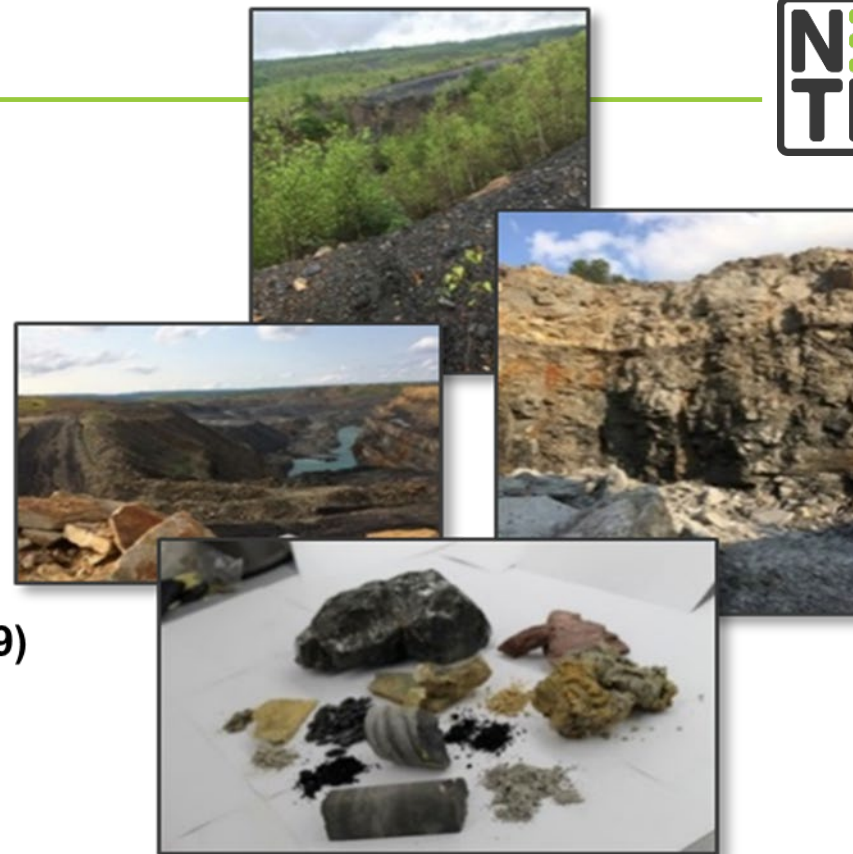
\$15M/FY14-FY18

\$18M/FY19

\$23M/FY20

## Stakeholders — 25-30 Active Projects (FY18-FY19)

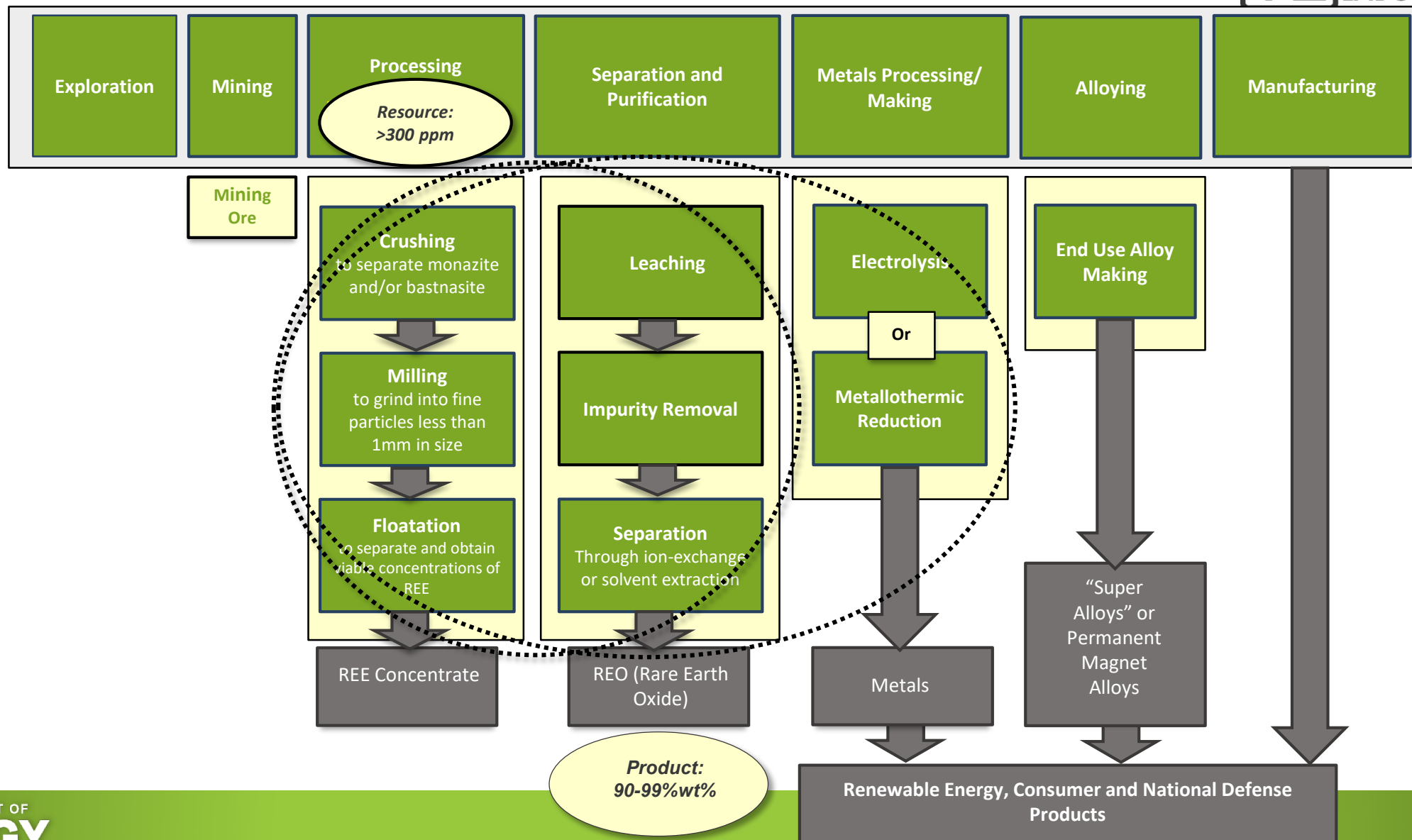
- Universities
- National Labs – NETL, LANL, LLNL, INL, PNNL
- Industry – Small Business



## Feedstock Materials

- Run-of-Mine Coal
- Overburden & Underlying Clays/Shales/Sediments
- Coal Prep Plant Refuse
- Power Generation Ash
- Acid Mine Drainage Sludge

# REE-CM Program – Value Chain





# REE Program – Pilot-Scale Processing

## West Virginia University

Acid Mine Drainage (AMD)  
July 2018 Commissioned Facility  
~100% REE Recovery from Feedstocks  
Production of ~96% REO



Courtesy of Paul Ziemkiewicz, WVU

## University of North Dakota

Low-Rank Coals – Lignite

High Organic REE Association

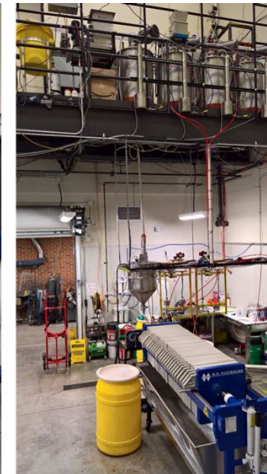
One-Step Selective Mineral Acid Leaching Process

~43% REE Recovery

Production of ~65% REO



*Courtesy of Nolan Theaker, UND*



## University of Kentucky

Coal Refuse – Central Appalachian & Illinois Coal Basins

Initiated Operation in June 2018

Production of REE in October/November 2018

80-90% REE Concentrate Produced



*Courtesy of Rick Honaker, University  
of Kentucky, Roe-Hoan Yoon,  
Virginia Tech*

# REE Program – Pilot-Scale Processing

## Physical Sciences Inc. (PSI) Center for Applied Energy Research (CAER) Winner Water Service (WWS)

Coal Ash from Eastern Kentucky Coal

Physical Processing Pilot: 0.4 tpd Operational – CAER

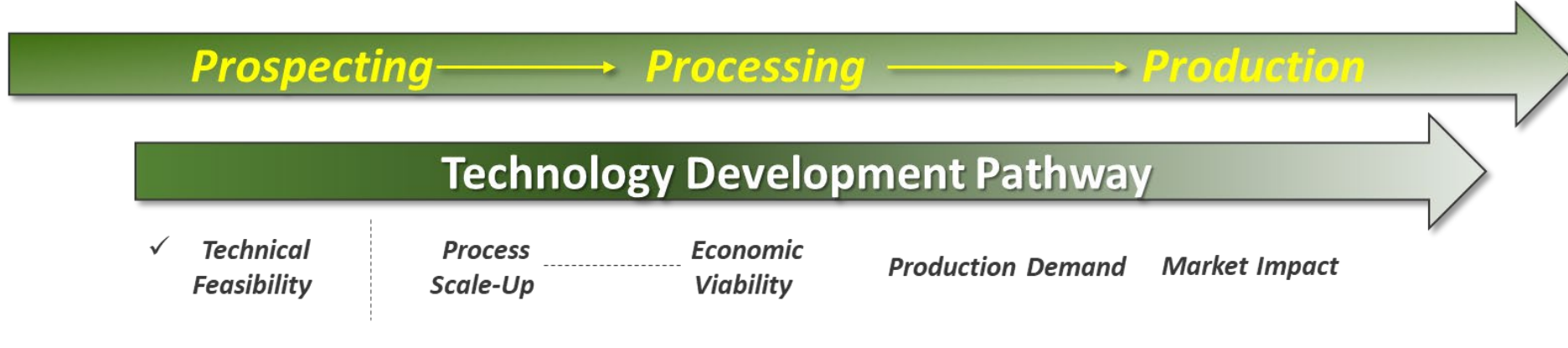
Micro-Pilot Plant: 0.5 kgpd Operational – PSI

Chemical Processing Pilot: 0.5 tpd Operational November 2019 – WWS



*Courtesy of Prakash Joshi &  
David Gamliel, PSI*

# REE-CM Program - Summary

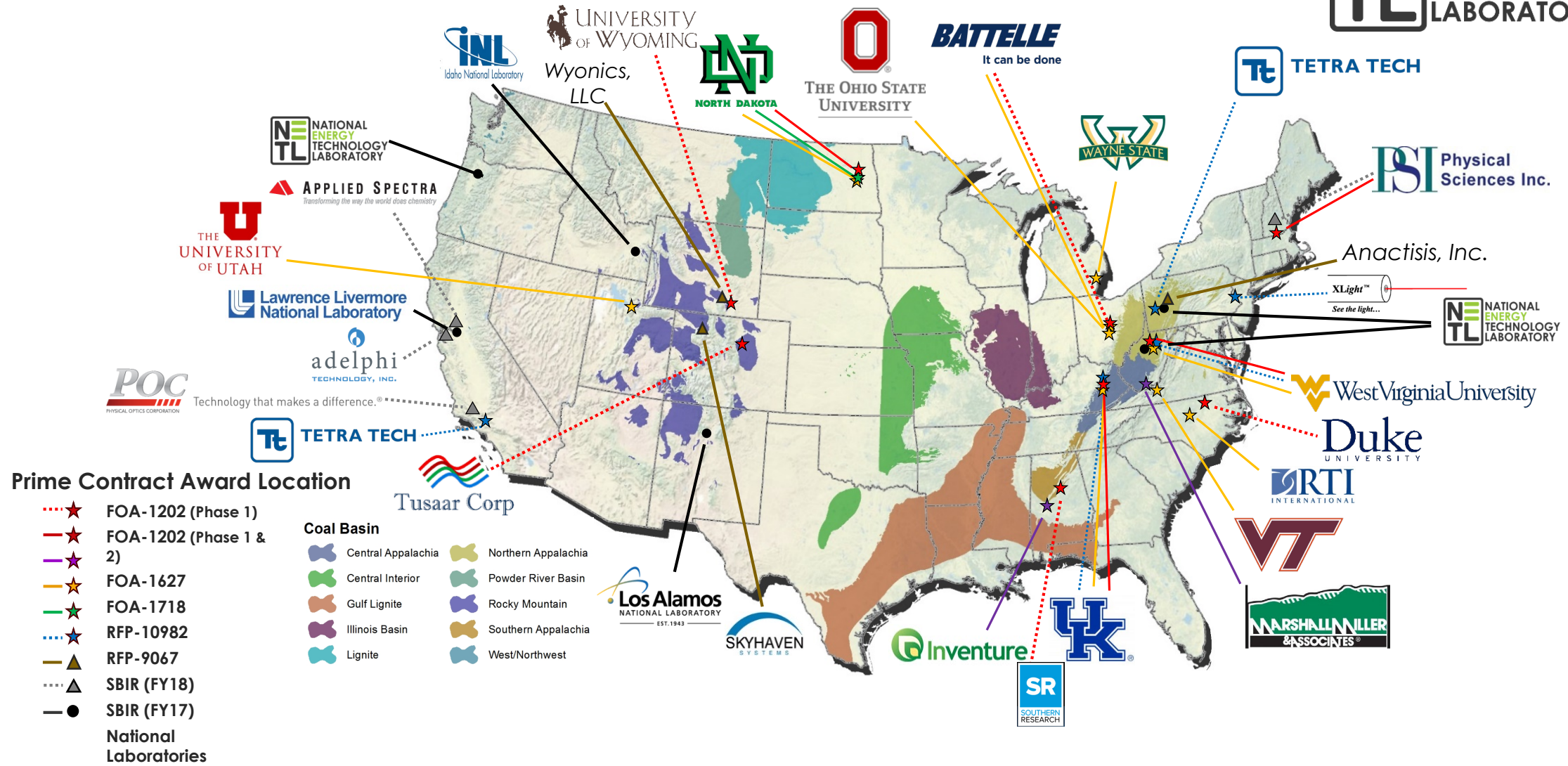


Courtesy of Inventure Renewables

## Where We Are Today

- ✓ **Technical Feasibility** of Extracting REE from Coal-Based Resources Demonstrated
- ✓ **Three Domestic, First-of-a-Kind, Extraction/ Separation Test Facilities**, Producing Small Quantities of REEs from Coal-Based Materials,
- ✓ **Fully Integrated REE Program**
  - Spanning Basic/Fundamental Technology Development (TRL 1-3) through to Small Pilot-Scale Facility Validation (TRL 5-7)
  - Maintaining Broad Feedstock Base – Coal Refuse/Tailings, Clays/Shales, Power Generation Ash, Acid Mine Drainage

# REE-CM Program - Acknowledgments



# REE-CM Program – Contact Information



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National Energy Technology Laboratory

<http://www.netl.doe.gov/research/coal/rare-earth-elements/>

<https://edx.netl.doe.gov/ree/>