# CCUS Deployment Training

Ron Munson USEA





#### **Cogentiv Solutions**

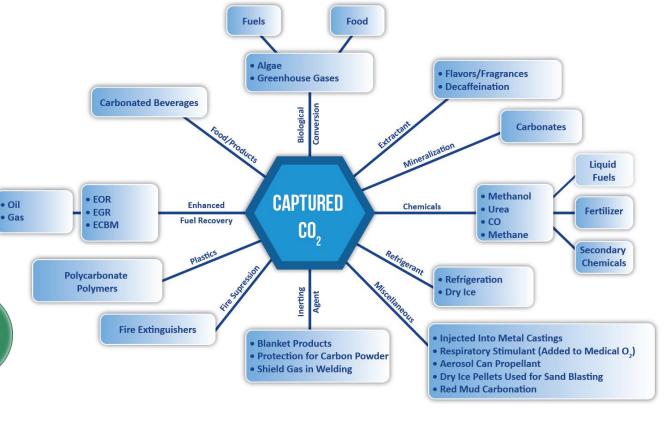
Carbon Energy and Environmental Management

#### Carbon Management

- Carbon Capture
- Carbon Utilization/Re-use
- Research Programs
- Project Development

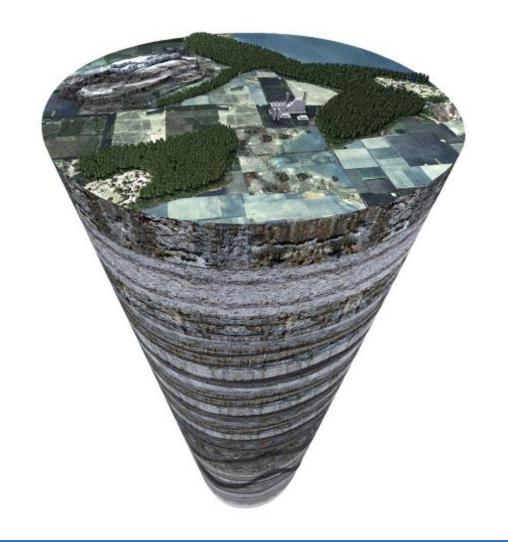








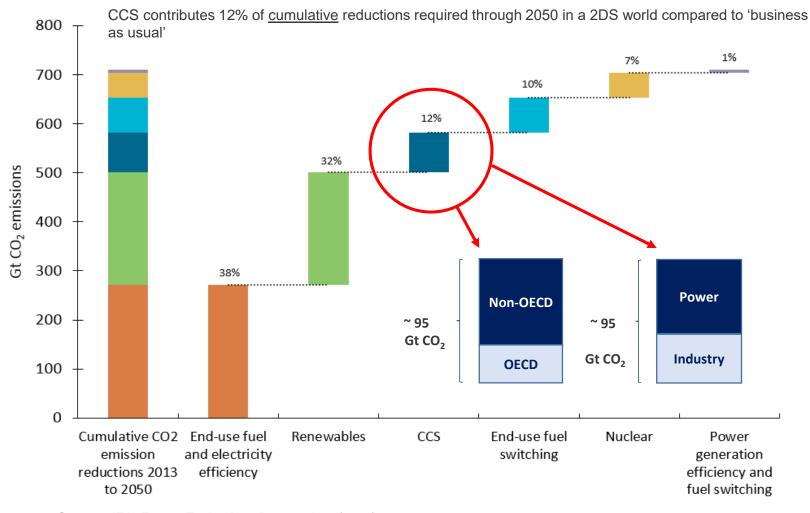
### What is CCS?





#### **Projected Carbon Management Contributions**

#### IEA 2°C Scenario

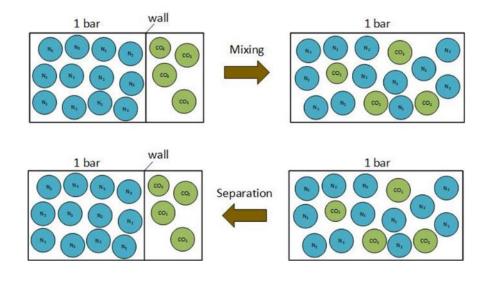


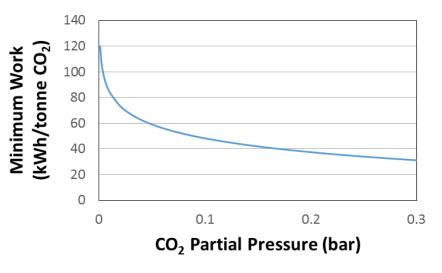




#### **Definition of Carbon Capture**

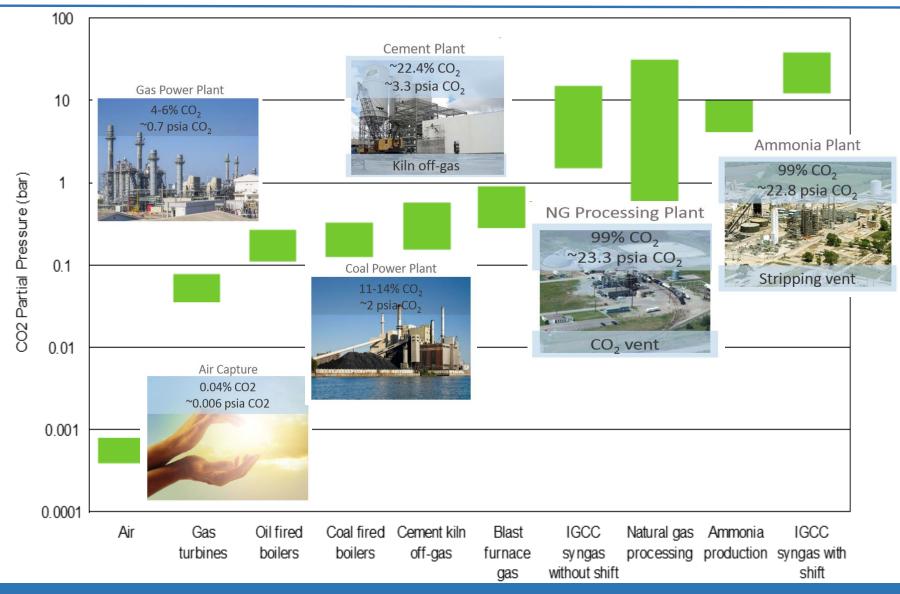
Separation of the CO<sub>2</sub> from a gas stream produced in a power station or an industrial process to obtain pure CO<sub>2</sub> for geological storage or further use





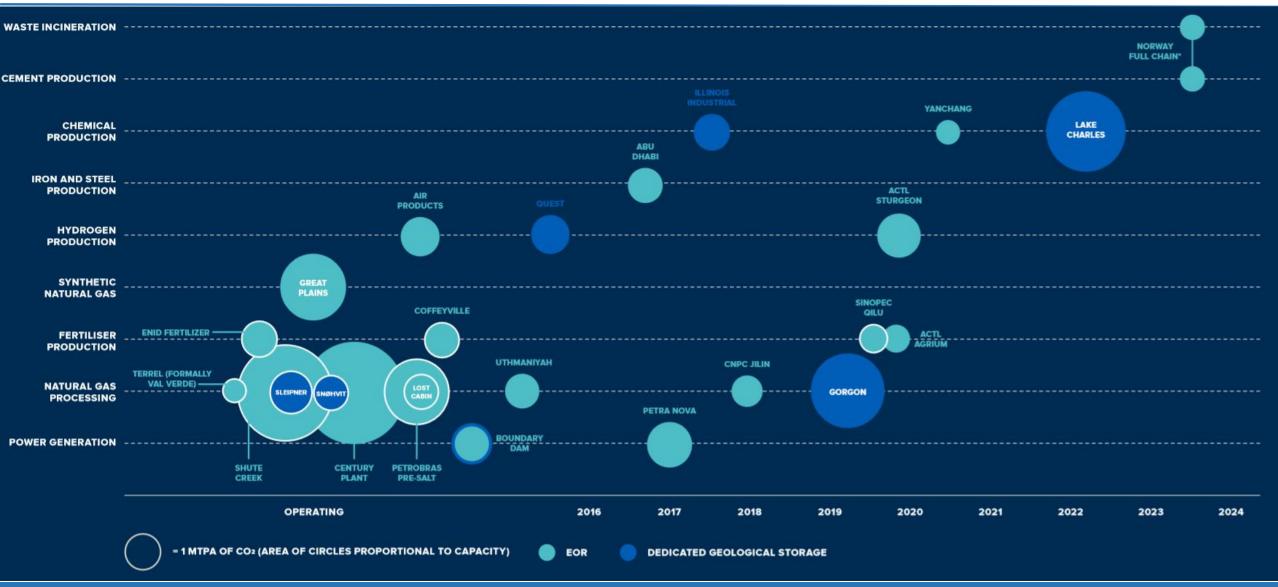


#### CO<sub>2</sub> Concentrations: Select Sources



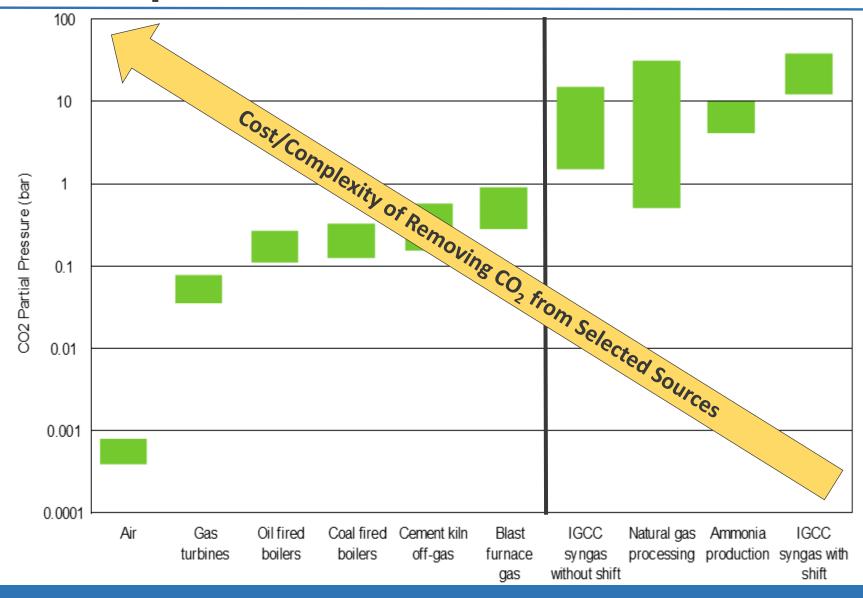


#### **Large-Scale Projects**



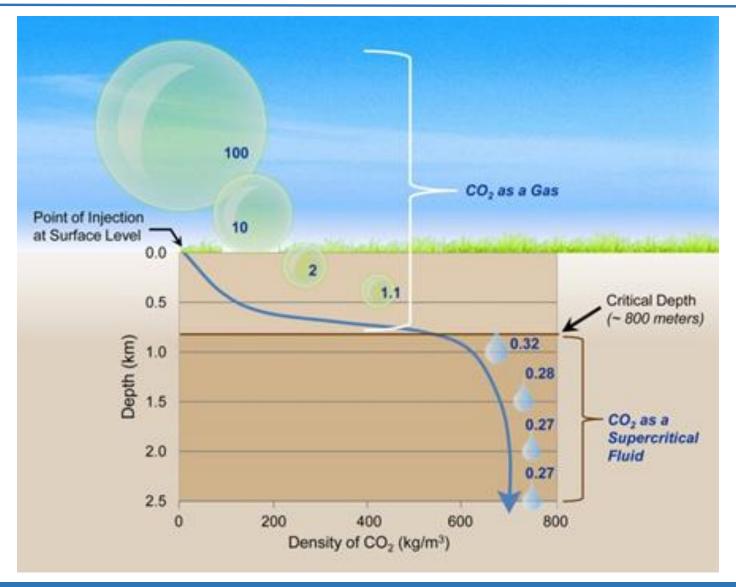


#### Large-Scale Projects



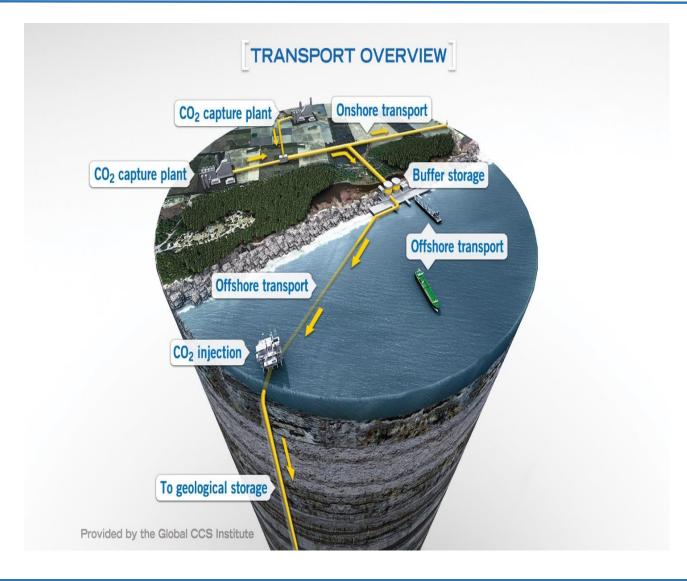


## CO<sub>2</sub> Compression





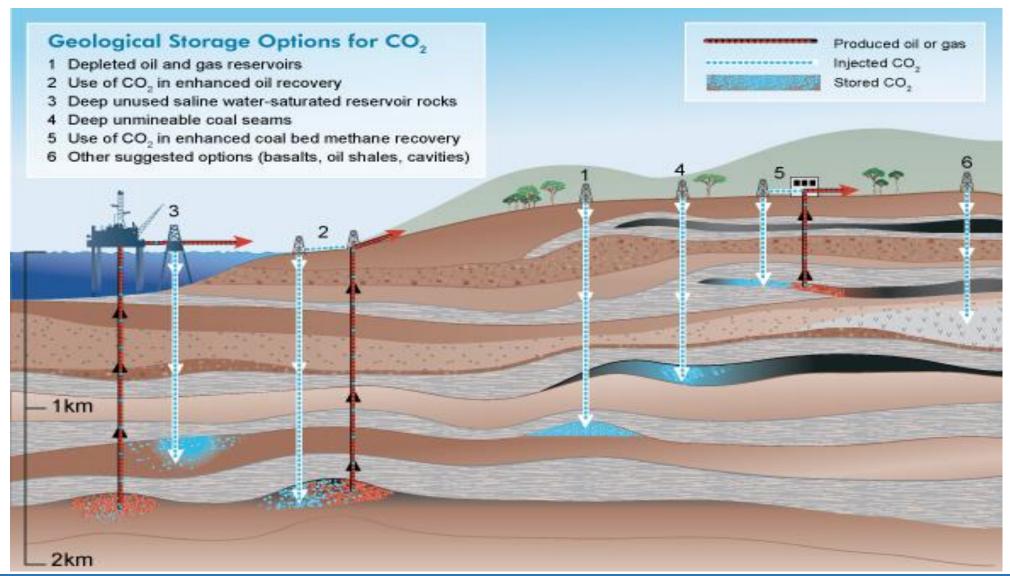
### CO<sub>2</sub> Transport



- Pipelines are the most common method of transporting large quantities of CO<sub>2</sub>.
- The technology for CO<sub>2</sub> pipelines is well established.
- They have been operated with an excellent safety record for decades.
- CO<sub>2</sub> transport poses no higher risk than is already managed for transporting hydrocarbons.
- In the US there are around 6,500 kilometres of onshore CO<sub>2</sub> pipelines, transporting roughly 68 million tonnes per year for EOR purposes

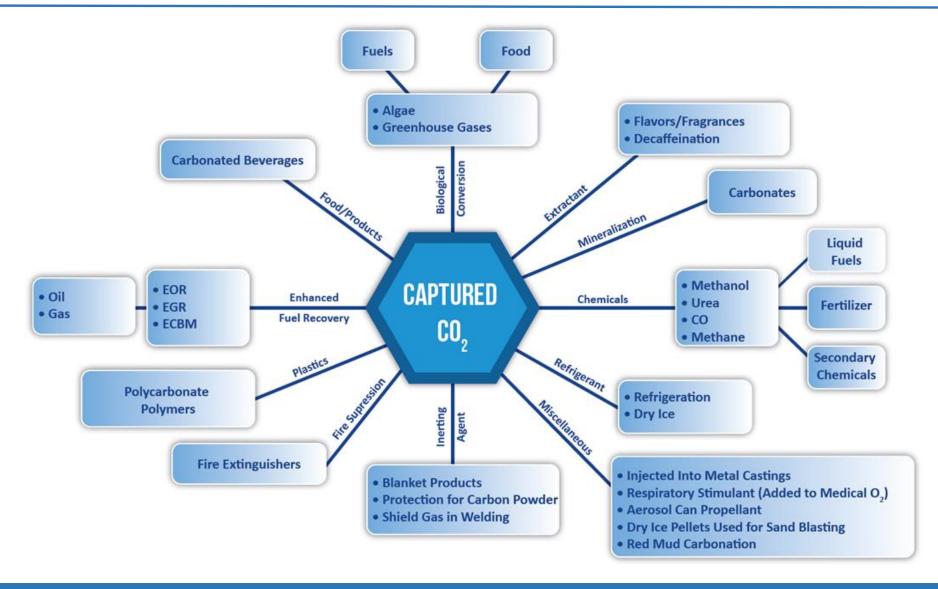


#### CO<sub>2</sub> Storage





# CO<sub>2</sub> Utilization





#### **QUESTIONS?**

