

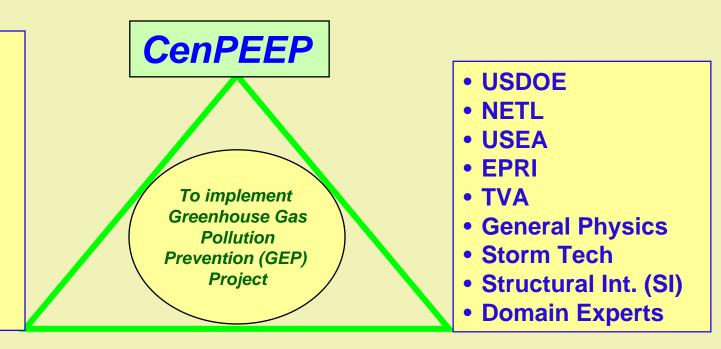






<u>Centre for Power Efficiency & Environmental Protection</u>

- NTPC
- PSEB
- WBPDCL
- TNEB
- Guj. GenCo
- Maha GenCo
- AP GenCo
- UPRVUN
- MPGENCO
- IPGCL



Guided by Advisory Board & Executive Committee

Consisting of NTPC, USAID, and representatives from Govt. of India, State & private power utilities, industry associations, research institutes, etc.



Technology, Technique & Practice Deployment

CenPEEP

Methodology Adopted

Selection of Low-Cost & High-Benefit technology

Technology Selection & Acquisition

Technology
Transfer

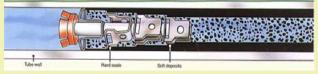
Technology Demonstration

Training & Technology Dissemination











Driving Excellence in Performance

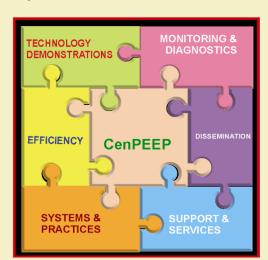




GHG Reduction Initiative

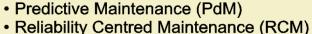


- Condenser Water Powered Tube Cleaners
- Helium Leak Detector for Condenser Air- in-leak
- Dirty Pitot & Rotary Probe for Mill
- Boiler Performance Assessment & Optimisation
- IRT, Acoustics & Videoscope for Diagnostics
- Thermodynamic Modeling for Performance Analysis
- UT for FW Flow Measurement
- **EFFICIENCY**
- Accurate Test Instruments
- Simplified Subsystem Performance Test
- User Friendly System -Portable DAS. Computational Software, Tapping Location etc.
- Periodic Gap Assessment & Action Plan



- Energy & Efficiency Management System (EEMS)
- Overhaul Preparedness Index (OPI)
- Knowledge Based Maintenance





- Risk Evaluation and Prioritization (REAP)
- Financial Risk Optimisation (FRO)

- Workshops-Efficiency and M&D
- Guidelines on Technology
- · Performance Optimizers, CenPEEP Times, Portal on Intranet
- Best Practices on Overhaul



- Customized Training Programs
- Support to State Utilities
- Consultancy Assignments
- Capability & Skill Building-Hands on Training & Demonstrations

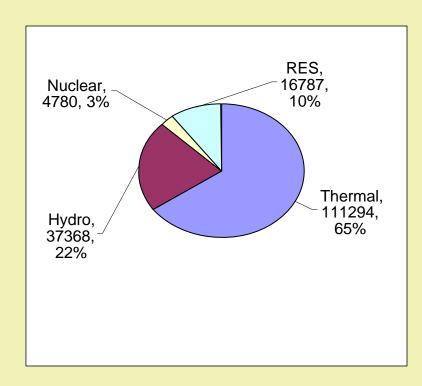






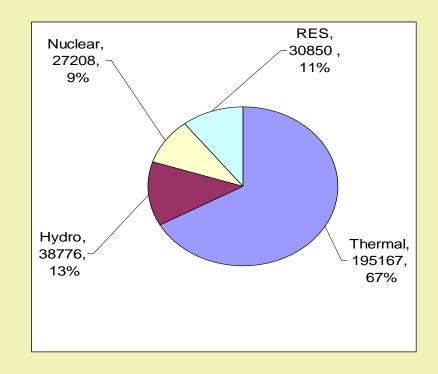


Present Total Installed Capacity Mix: 170,229 MW



Source: CEA, Power Sector at a Glance (31-01-2011)

Projected Total Installed Capacity Mix: 292,000 MW

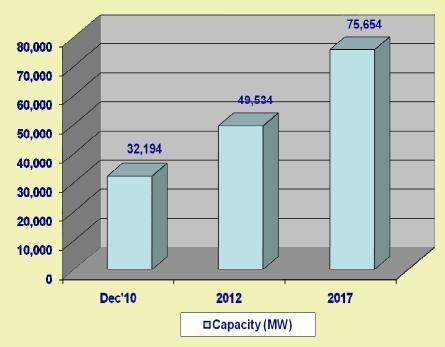


Source: India Vision 2020, Planning Commission



NTPC's Capacity Addition Plan





Super critical & Ultra super critical units

PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

- 3 x 660 MW Sipat STPP Stage-I
- 3 x 660 MW Barh STPP Stage-I
- 2 x 660 MW Barh STPP Stage -II

PROJECTS UNDER BULK TENDER

- ❖ Meja, Uttar Pradesh 2x660 MW
- Solapur, Maharashtra 2x660 MW
- Mouda-II, Maharashtra 2x660MW
- ❖ New Nabinagar, Bihar 3x660 MW

PLANNED PROJECTS

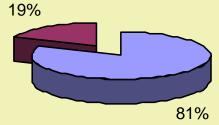
- □ Kudgi I, Karnataka 3x800 MW
- □ Darlipali I, Orissa 2x800 MW
- ☐ Gajmara I, Orissa 2x800 MW
- □ Lara I, Chhattisgarh 2x800 MW
- □ Tanda-II, U.P. 2x660 MW
- ☐ Gidderbaha, Punjab 4x660 MW
- ☐ Barethi, M.P. 6x660 MW

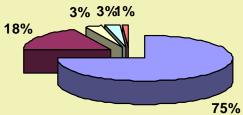
- □ Katwa, West Bengal 2X800 MW
- □ Khargone, M.P. 2X 660 MW
- □ Dhuvaran I, Gujarat 2X 660 MW
- □ Bilhaur, Kanpur U.P. 2X 660 MW
- □ Adra (Railways JV) 2X660 MW
- □ Gadarwara I, M.P. 2 X 660 MW

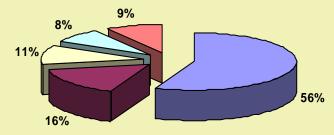




NTPC target - 128 GW with 28% from non-fossil sources by 2032









Gas







al

Nuclear

Hydro

Renewables





Energy Efficiency

Policy Interventions

- Upto10% improvement in LMZ machines Targeting large no. of 210
 MW Units which are completing their normal life
- Energy Efficient R&M for Efficiency Improvement of Existing Units
- Supercritical units New units of 660/800 MW of higher efficiency
- National Mission for Enhanced Energy Efficiency A part of National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC)

(Includes the initiative of 'Perform, Achieve and Trade Scheme' (PAT), a market based mechanism to enhance energy efficiency & provide incentives)

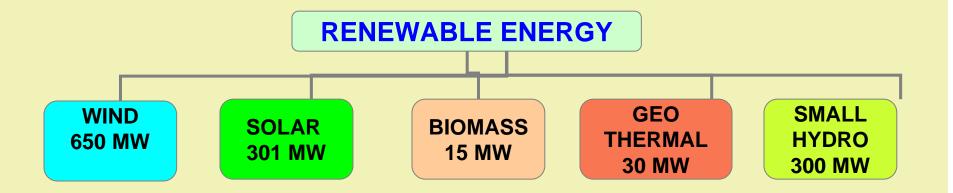
NTPC Initiatives for efficiency improvements & GHG reduction

- Adoption of advanced cleaner and greener technologies
- Establishment of CenPEEP
- Suitable realignment of fuel mix
- Systems to monitor & enhance plant efficiency





Capacity Addition Portfolio of Renewable Energy



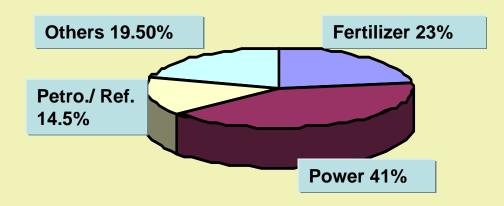
- 300MW Solar projects by 2014
- 1000MW capacity RE projects by 2017
- 20000 MW by 2022 as per Jawahar Lal Nehru National Solar Mission





INDIA: GAS AVAILABILITY

Sector wise Gas Consumption (2010)



- Gas Generation capacity: 17456 MW (31.01.2011)
- Additional 10,000 MW gas based capacity in 2011
- CEA has proposed new gas based capacity of ~ 25,000 MW during 2012-2017

Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle Plant (IGCC)

- Indian Coal have high ash, high fusion temperature, high reactivity and low sulfur content
- NTPC is making concerted efforts for induction of IGCC





Nuclear Power in India

- Current installed capacity ~ 4780 MW
- Projected capacity upto 2020 ~ 21780 MW & 2030 ~ 63000 MW
- NPCIL has commenced construction of two plants (Rawatbhata and Kakrapar) - 2 x 700 MW each using indigenous technology
- Plans for setting up 5 nuclear parks of 6 X 1000 MW power plants with foreign collaborations
- NTPC has formed a Joint Venture Company with NPCIL for setting up Nuclear power plants.
- NTPC plans to add 2000 MW of nuclear capacity by 2017 and 15000 MW of nuclear capacity by 2030





Thanks