

A Utility Perspective on Renewable Energy

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Renewable Resource Potential

Economic in GA Today

- Some landfill methane generation applications
- Some biomass generation applications

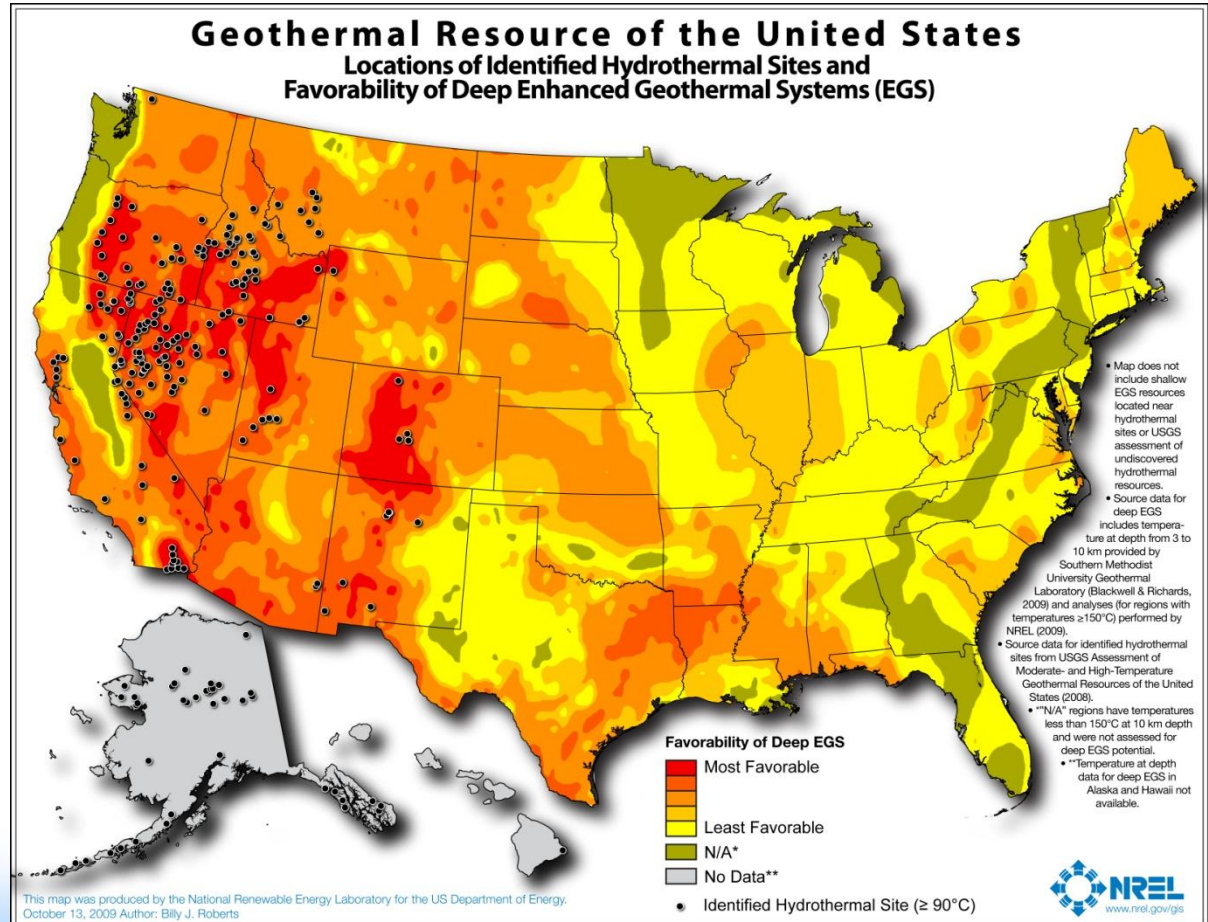
Not Currently Economic in GA

- Geothermal generation applications
- Most wind generation applications
- Most solar generation applications

Renewable Resource Potential In the US

Geothermal

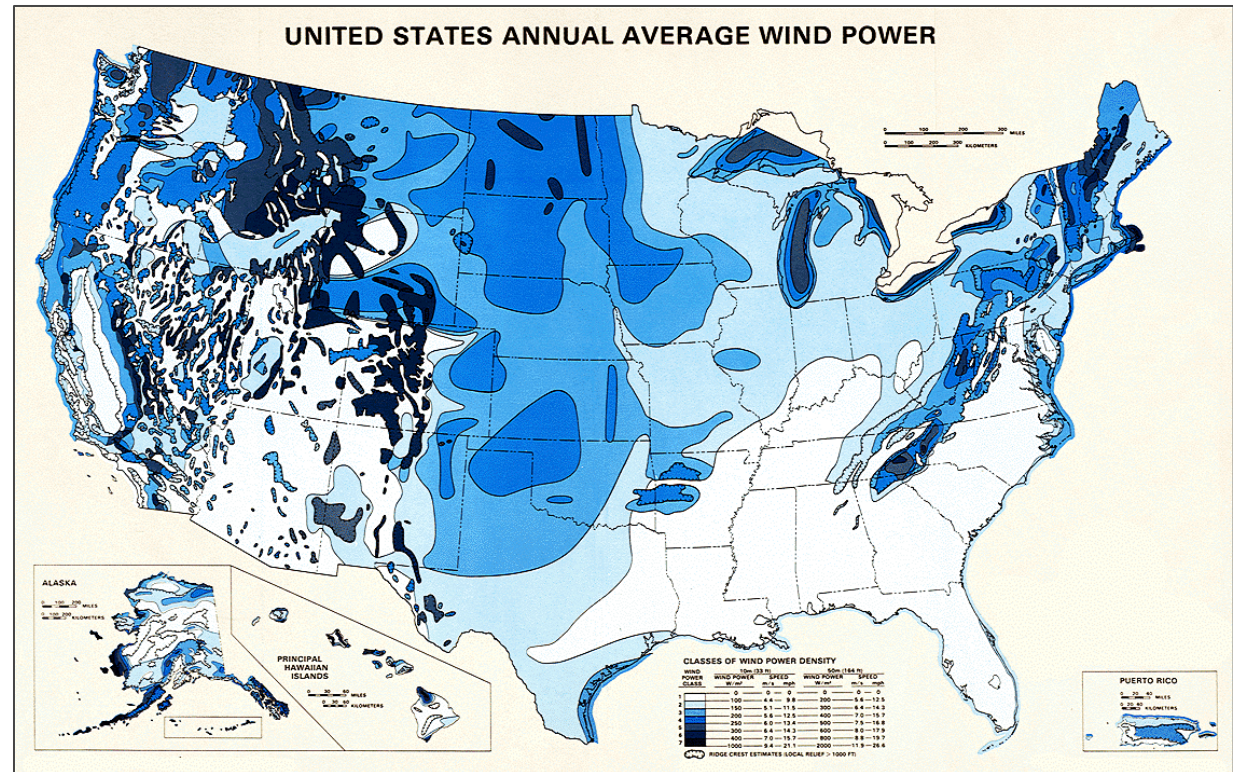
- Concentrated in West/Northwest region of the US
- Geothermal generation application not viable in GA



Renewable Resource Potential In the US

Wind

- Top Wind Power States in 2009
 1. Texas
 2. Iowa
 3. Minnesota
 4. California
 5. Washington
- Little to no economic viability in Southeast

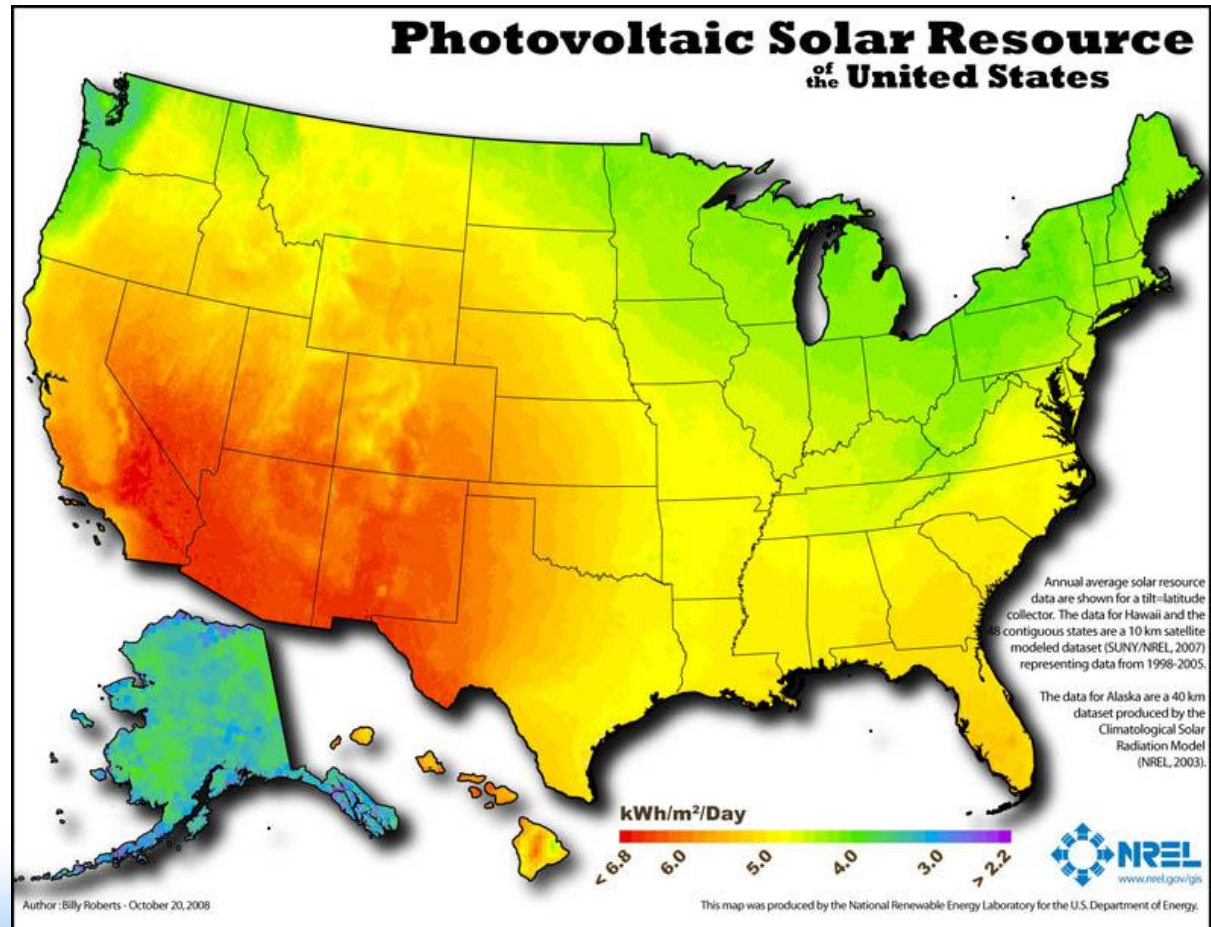


* Source: U.S. EIA, *Renewable Energy Consumption and Electricity Preliminary 2009 Statistics* (August 2010).

Renewable Resource Potential In the US

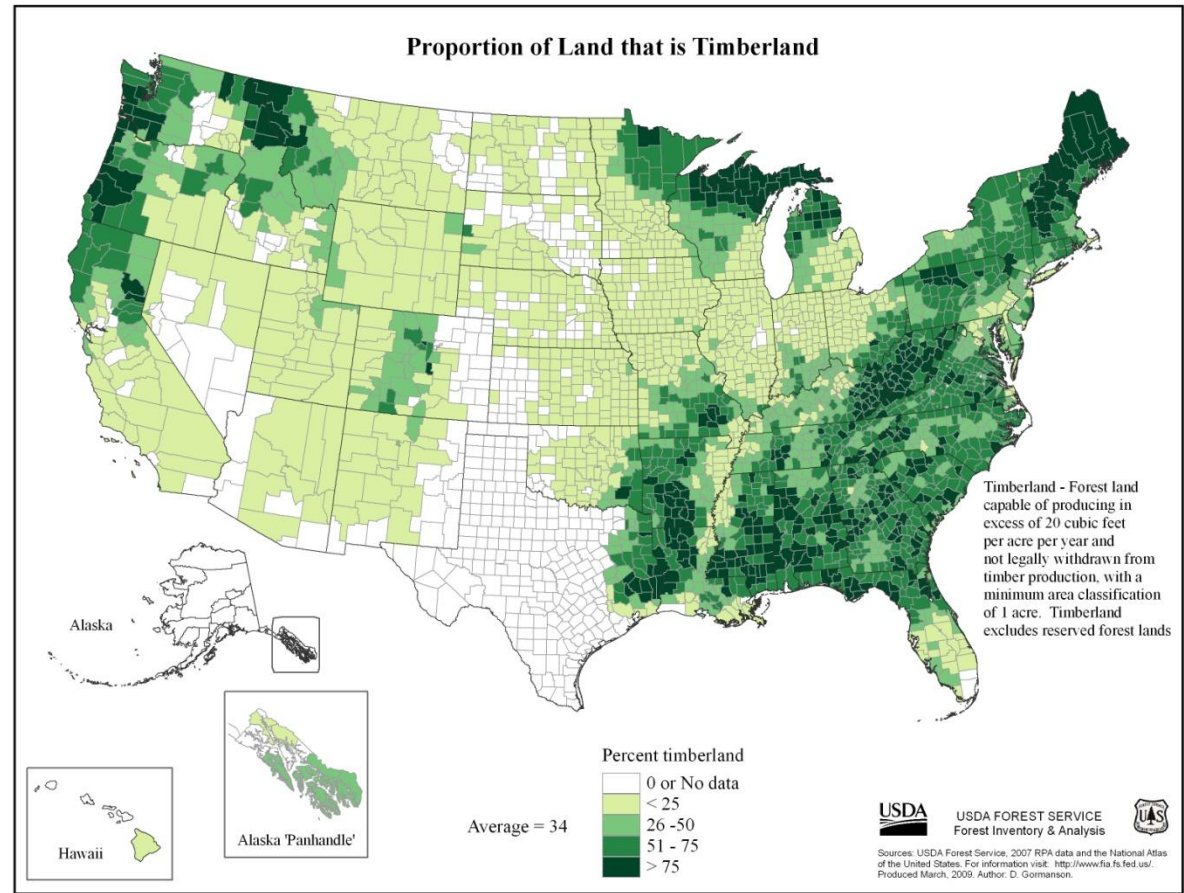
Solar

- Concentrated in West/Southwest region of the US
- Southeast Capacity factors 15-20 %
- Most applications not economic in GA



Renewable Resource Potential In the US Biomass

- Abundant in the Southeast
- Georgia is #1 in commercial timberland
 - 24 million acres
 - 70 million tons per year of growth
- Many existing users of timber in GA



Georgia Power Strategy for Meeting Growth over Next 10 Years

- Renewables
- Nuclear
- Energy Efficiency and Demand Response
- Natural Gas Fueled Generation

Renewable Strategy

- Pursue all cost-effective renewable generation
 - Landfill gas generation
 - Repower coal plants with biomass
 - Power purchase contracts with independent developers
- Grow non-economic renewable generation through voluntary programs
- Research and Demonstration Projects
 - Understand current technical performance and economics
 - Track technology development and improvements in performance and economics

Result: Sound approach to renewables “today and tomorrow”

Renewable Initiatives – Cost Effective Renewable Generation

Biomass

- Landfill gas to energy
 - Purchasing power from LFG facilities
 - DeKalb County GA – 3.5 MW
 - Effingham County GA – 6.4 MW
- Plant Mitchell Conversion
 - Fuel conversion from coal to biomass
 - Approx 100 MWs



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- On going conversion/co-firing studies

Renewable Initiatives - Voluntary Programs

- Customer Purchase of Green Energy
 - Georgia Power Rate GE
 - 100 kWh blocks
 - Standard, Premium
 - Large Volume Option, Special Event Option
- Utility Purchase of Green Energy
 - Georgia Power Rate RNR
 - wind, geothermal, limited hydro, and biomass
 - Georgia Power Rate SP-1 – Solar Purchase
 - Up to 4.4 MW of solar energy purchases by company
 - Purchases through RFPs



Source: Green-e

Renewable Initiatives– Research & Demonstration

Solar Demonstration Projects

Regional focus

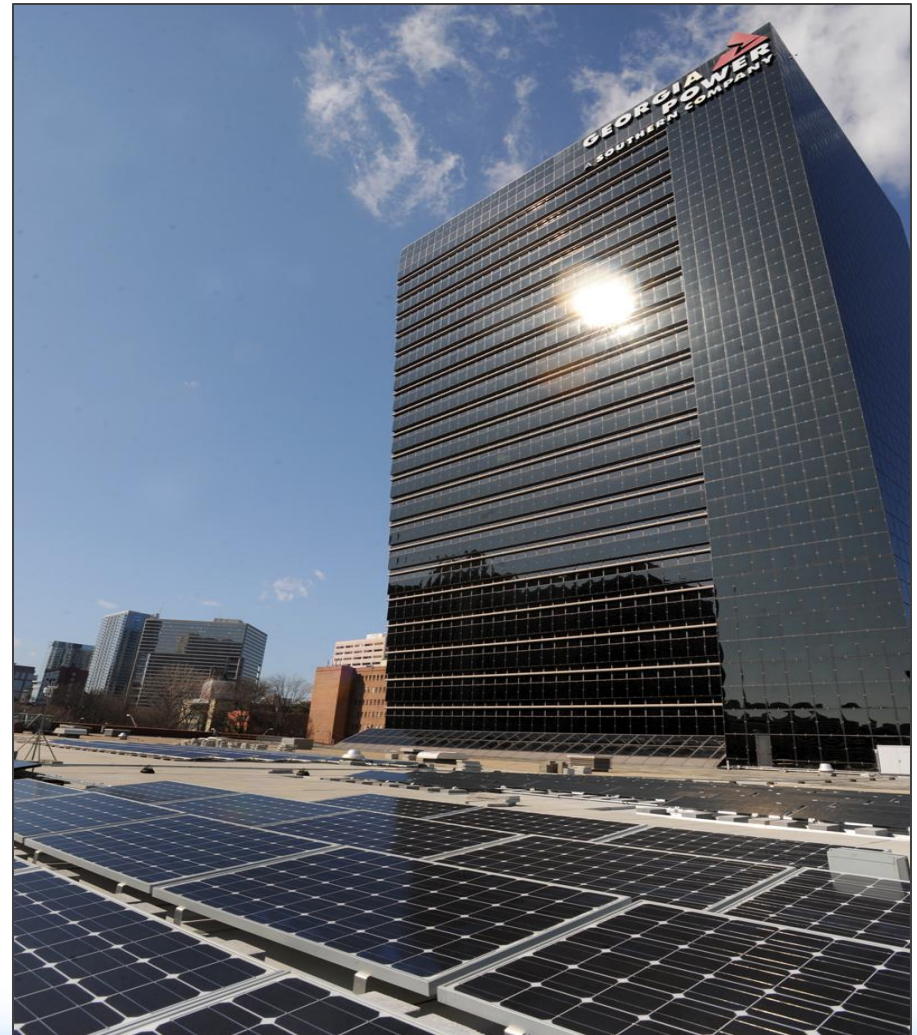
- Effects of regional conditions
- Necessary maintenance practices
- Technology and system responses

Georgia Power Operating Headquarters

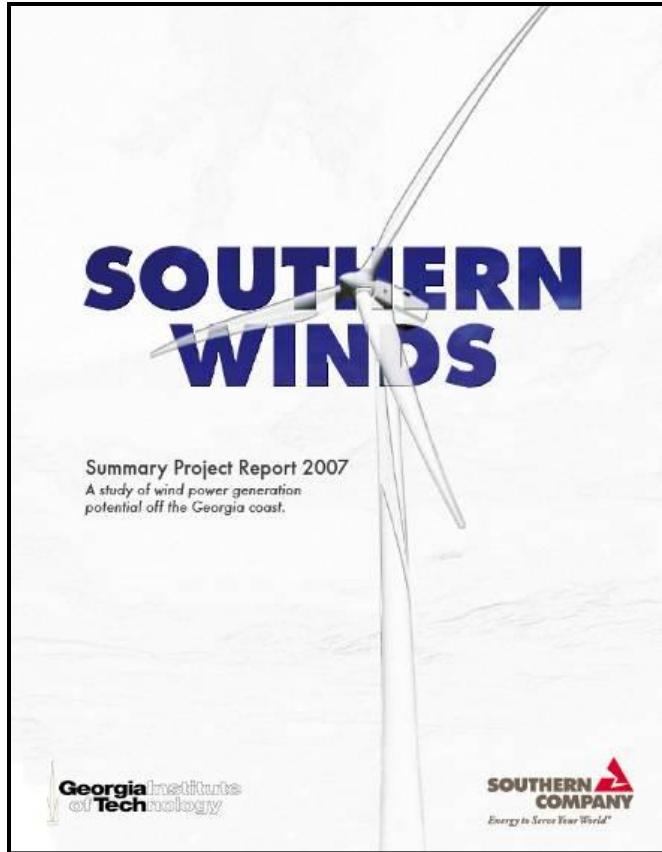
- Reviewing different technologies
 - 3 thin film
 - 3 crystalline
 - 1 hybrid

Georgia Power Distribution System

- In conjunction with EPRI
 - 50 PV systems
 - 7 cities around the state



Renewable Initiatives – Research & Demonstration



- Conducted offshore feasibility study with Georgia Tech
- Challenges to offshore wind
 - Offshore transmission costs
 - Modest wind speeds
 - Weather Concerns - Durability against Hurricanes

Challenges for Utilities

- Geographic Limitations
- Economics
- Operational Concerns
 - Intermittency
 - Logistics
- Environmental Regulations
 - Industrial Boiler MACT rulemaking
 - Biomass Greenhouse Gas determination

Summary – A Utility Perspective

- Ensure a reliable and economic supply is available for customers
- Pursue a balanced and diverse portfolio to meet growth
 - Diversifying fuel options
 - Building renewable resources
 - Purchasing renewable energy
- Invest in Research & Demonstration
- Provide Green Energy Options to Customers
- Concerns about impact of future environmental regulations on renewable generation